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The North Carolinian.

VOLUME IV. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1872. NUMBER 13.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

BY PALEMON JOHN.

Office on North-east corner of Main and Road Sts.

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	2w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1yr.
1 inch	$1 00	$1 50	$2 50	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 inches	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
3 inches	2 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	18 00	25 00
4 inches	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	19 50	30 00
½ column	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
½ column	8 00	12 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
1 column	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

Liberal deduction, by special contract, to large advertisers.

Court advertisements when not exceeding three inches, will be $6.50. For each additional inch $2 extra all becharged.

Divorce Notices $6. Administrator's & Notices $5.50

OBITUARY NOTICES, embracing more than the ordinary announcement of death, and ordinary poetry, ten cents a line.

SPECIAL NOTICES at fifty per cent. in addition to regular rates.

BUSINESS NOTICES IN READING COLUMNS—Ten cents per line for first insertion, and six cents per line for every subsequent insertion.

NOTICES IN LOCAL COLUMNS—Twenty cents per line.

No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

All transient advertisements and job work must be paid for when ordered.

Persons lifting and using the papers addressed to others, become subscribers and are liable for the price of the paper.

☞Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

A. W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

A. L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st. opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

J. J. MARTIN, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

DR. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residence, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1y

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Fearing's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. E. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

DR. I. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n51-1y

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOF, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. Q. ETHERIDGE & Bro. drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

DR. JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c. South West corner Church and Road Sts. 1-1y

DR. KELLY & CO. drugs, paints, oils &c. South East corner of Main and Road Sts. 32-1y

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C. dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandise, Water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

ZENAS FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, hoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WHITE, ladies' dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. B. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 55 Road street. v1n1-1y

W. W. BROWN, Groceries, Liquors &c., also, Bowling Alley, Main st. near the Market. 47-1y.

W. M. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

SURVEYING.

W. B. Weatherly, Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, proprietor. Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. n2-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, prop'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st, south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISS SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

W. C. DAWSON'S Galery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5—1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoree Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, 7 o'c.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of May.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—T. A. Connaughey, J. H. Ziegler, J. Russell Bass, Lancaster Brothers and Linn, Ballance Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, J. H. Shaw. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A. L. Jones.

POST OFFICE—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev S. S. Lambeth Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—School at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p. m.——Baptist Church, Rev R. R. Overby,—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m., and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings except fourth Sunday, after school.——Zion A M E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

LODGES.—Achoree, Lodge No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Thursday evening.——Tahula Encampment No. 8 I. O. O. F., meets on 2d and 4th Tuesday in each month.——Brotherand sisters of Love and Charity.—Meets alternate Tuesday nights.——Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets al ernate Thursday nights.

MASONIC—Eureka Lodge, meets on first Monday night of each month.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, B C Brothers; Coroner, Miles Commander; Register of Deeds, John T. Price; Surveyor, J. Q. A. Wood; Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones; Commissioners, C. W. Smith, Edmund Daily, J. S. Wilcox, Emanuel Davis and Abraham Morris; Commissioner's Attorney, W. H. Smith.—Representative, F. M. Godfrey.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector 1 f Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 10th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 5th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 1 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford; Solicitor, WILLIS BAGLEY, of Perquimans.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S. T. Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Elizabeth City; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Wilmington, Wm. Larkins Clerk

BUSINESS CARDS.

NEW EMPORIUM.

THE undersigned having purchased the Elizabeth City "News Emporium," has removed it to Water Street, where he will keep the Newspapers and Periodicals of the day. Also

STATIONERY.

of all kinds, as Writing Paper, Ink, Pens, Pencils, Blank Books, &c.

P. W. MELICK.

ELIZABETH CITY, June 20th.—6m.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES,

PERFUMERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C. Jan., 2070.

ELIZABETH CITY SKATING RINK,

J. M. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

The regular Skating Assemblies will be held in Wood's Hall, on Road street on every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings at 7½ o'clock. 10-tf.

I. A. COHN,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

CAPS,

DRESS GOODS

AND GENERAL

MERCHANDIZE.

Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞The cheapest place in the City. 3-tf.

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

338 CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twines and Ink. 32-1y

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand. Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see. WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870. 1y.

BRICK! BRICK!!

AT THE ELIZABETH CITY BRICK YARD

I am prepared to furnish Brick at all times and in quantities to suit purchasers. Parties desiring brick for building, paving, or for any other use, are respectfully solicited to call at my yard and examine for themselves both as to quality and price.

E. B. BROWER.

ELIZ. CITY, Jan. 18th, 1872-1y.

J. M. MATHEWS,

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

OFFICE—GUIRKIN BUILDING NEAR

COR. MAIN & ROAD STS.,

44-tf. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

R. K. SPEED.— —JOHN BLACK.

SPEED & BLACK,

General Life, Fire and Marine In's Ag'ts

S. W. corner of Main and Road St.,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Capital Represented $40,000,000.

Issues every *desirable* kind of Life Policy, *Mutual and Stock.*

Insurable property placed in *First-class* Companies *at lowest rates.*

Will adjust *Life and Fire* losses in any part of Eastern North Carolina.

April 11th, 1872.-1yr.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. H. SMITH— —J. H. SHAW.

SMITH AND SHAW,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

Will attend to all matters intrusted to us in the Superior, Supreme and Federal Courts of North Carolina. Collections promptly made. 35-tf.

WALTER CLARK.— —J. M. MULLEN.

CLARK & MULLEN,

Attorneys at Law,

Halifax, N. C.

PRACTICE in all the courts of Halifax, Northampton, Edgecomb and Martin Counties, in the Supreme Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of North Carolina.

N. B. One of the firm will attend at office in Scotland Neck on Saturday of every week. March 7th, 1872.—1yr.

C. W. GRANDY, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND

GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870-1y.

PROFESSIONAL.—

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Eliza beth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26, 1870-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW EATING SALOON!

FOWLER'S BUILDING ON WATER ST.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MEALS at all hours. Special accomodations for Ladies.

Fruits and Confectionaries of all kinds always on hand.

J. D. FULMER,

27-vol. 3-1y. Proprietor.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—

Having purchased Winner's Gallery I take this method of announcing to my friends and the public that I will continue the business in all its departments. Having had over a dozen years experience I flatter myself to be able to give full satisfaction. My instruments and material are all of the very best. My sky light is of the latest improved, enabling me to take pictures in cloudy weather as well as clear. All work guaranteed or the picture taken over or the money refunded.

WM. C. DAWSON.

E. City, May 11, 1871.—tf.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.

Elizabe City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

W. H. CLARK'S

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MR. CLARK would announce to the public that he has again re-opened his large establishment at which the following Machinery is Manufactured, Horse Powers, different Sizes and Patterns, Corn Shellers for Hand or Horse Power, Wheat Threshers, different sizes, Corn and Wheat Fans.

PLOUGHS of Different Patterns and Sizes always on hand, also, Corn Planters, Straw Cutters, Horse Rakes, Scythes, Reap Hooks and all kinds of Agricultural Machinery repaired at Short Notice.

36—1y.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

T. D. Pendleton, Proprietor.

This well-known house is located conveniently for the traveling public, being near the boat landing. Especial attention is taken to make guests comfortable. Charges moderate. 22-1y

Intelligence Office.

THE subscriber has opened an "Intelligence Office." Persons wishing employment, either on the farm or as servants in the house, can find employment by leaving their names with me, with good references: and those wishing hands or servants can be supplied. Terms moderate.

☞I am still Agent for Smith's Vapor Gas Lamp.

Office on Road Street, near the Canal Bridge.

CHARLES S. DAVIS.

Elizabeth City, N. C. 40—3m.

THE RED FLAG.

Ah! what does that Red Flag mean on Water Street? It means that is the place to get all your old tin ware repaired, such as, coffee pots, tea pots, oil cans, etc., etc.

Tin Ware Wholesale and Retail.

N. B. Old Stoves Repeired.

H. O. HILL.

E. City, N. C., March 14th, 1872. 38—tf.

MERCHANDIZE

AT THE CANAL BRIDGE.

HAVING purchased the Stock of J. P. Grandy, I propose keeping open at the old stand and will keep a good assortment of all kinds of Goods. I ask of all my friends and the public to give me a call. I will spare no effort to give satisfaction.

C. B. BROTHERS,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

May 30th, 1872.-tf.

BANKING HOUSES.

NORTH CAROLINA

MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't.;* R. F. OVERMAN, *Cash.*
Dr. P. JOHN, Hon. JOHN POOL,
Hon. C. C POOL, C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH,

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869-1y.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

COBB'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD ST,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

☞*Interest allowed on Deposits.*

Also Agents for FIRST CLASS LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Policies effected at lowest rates and in best Companies in the world. 28-tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.-38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

1 yr. C. B. BROTHERS

Poetry.

Baby's Death.

Hush! Tread lightly, she is dying—
Soon our babe will be at rest;
Even now the soul is trying
To flee unto the Saviour's breast.

Now the breath comes faint and fainter,
And the pulse seemes scarce to beat;
Death, the cold and rigid painter,
Stands awaiting at her feet.

Through the latticed windows, shining,
Steals the light from evening's sky,
And against the wall, reclining,
Golden ladders seem to lie.

See! Upon them rre descending
Forms of angels from above:
Come to tell, while life is ending,
Baby of God's precious love.

* * * * * * *

Now a glorious spirit hovers
Just above the infant's head,
While beneath the snowy covers
Lies our darling still and dead.

On the face of alabaster
Still a smile seraphic plays;
'Tis the work of the great Master:
Question not his wondrous ways.

Clasp the hands, so small and tender'
On the still and lifeless breast.
All the service we can render
Is to give it final rest.

Weep not for the child, O mother!
It has flown to realms of bliss.
In that land there is another,
Safer Guardian, than in this.

Hark! Methinks I hear a singing
In that land so far away.
For the angels home are bringing
Baby's spirit, while they say:

"Glory be to God, the Master;
Glory to our Lord, the King:
He has saved thee from disaster.
Lovely babe, his praises sing!"

GOLD PEN

Selected Story.

The Doctor's Wooing.

"A doctor's life is a strange one!" muttered Dr John Hessman, as he jumped into a carriage, taking the rains from the hands of the grinning Ethiopian, who for the last twenty minutes had been cherishing the fond delusion that he was to accompany his master on his round of professional enquiry.

"Not this time, Ebony," said the doctor, with a good-natured shrug of his broad shoulders. "You shall come to-morrow," noting the look of disappointment in the boy's face. Dr. John was more tender of his servants than some are of their wives.

"Oh, never mind, Massa, never mind!" replied Ebony, like the average human, quite forgetful of his annoyance when the subject of consideration was distasteful. "I knows what 'tis. I just knows what 'tis," added Ebony, as he watched the carriage out of sight. "He's got one of his spells, and wants to talk to his self, I knows him of old. If 'twas anybody but Dr. John, I should just say: 'Ebony, that man has got softening of the skull;' but no such nonsense can be laid to him."

Dr John did want to be alone, or as much alone as a man could be in the streets of a crowded city, and he did want to talk to himself. Most men who are in the habit of communing with their own souls, do it in audible language; so in this respect, whatever he might be in others, Dr. John did not differ from his brethren. A man's own opinion is not unfrequently his best and safest companion. It will keep its owner's secrets, and when the companionship is frequent, will in all cases properly guide and admonish. Self-communism in its highest form is the avenue which leads directly to the heart of gold.

"Yes," continued the doctor—"yes, sir," (Sometimes Dr. John was very respectful to himself.) "A doctor's life is no joke. Easy, my beauty, easy? Now John, look at that horse. You are only just little more of an animal than he is. It's fun for him to travel when there's another horse close by that he can outrun. Exactly the case with you, John. If it hadn't been for another horse in the shape of a doctor you were determined to get a little the start of, where would you have been to-day? That's the point. Worthy ambition eh? to pass a poor devil on the road of life! Upon my word, I believe I should be a better man if I had a wife. I rather like women; but it is a little hard to understand how a fellow manages with a woman tied to him morning, noon and night. That's what takes me. Then I am not sure that anybody'd have me that was any way suitable. Of course I should want intelligence and intellectuality too, by George, and I never could endure a plain women or a woman with a loud voice, or—yes, sir, that question is in order," continued the doctor, stroking his long, silky black beard. "That is what I call driving the nail in. What have you got, John Hessman, to give in exchange for those royal treasures of mind and body? A good name? Yes. An unexceptionable position; unimpeachable integrity? Yes, sir. These are something;" and here our M. D. reined up before an elegant brown stone mansion, where one of his best (pecuniarily speaking) and most fashionable patients resided. Here Dr. John was employed by the year; and although the position was no sinecure, on account of the amount of patience required to battle with the nervous fancies of the principal invalid of the establishment, still Dr. John, to use his own telling vernacular, considered it "an exceedingly soft thing"—and soft it was in more senses than one.

Dr. John walked right up into the invalid's chamber.

"Oh, good morning, doctor. A little late, aren't you? Seems to me I have been waiting an unusual length of time," drawled the lady from her luxurious couch.

"About the usual hour," replied Dr. John, with no especial show of defence. "What seems to be the matter *this* morning?"

"Now, really doctor, that is too cruel. Matter this morning! Do you remember what was the matter yesterday? Please don't be so blunt. You shock my nerves terribly."

"Let me see," said the docter. Yesterday, according to your own admission, you were fagged out with a fashionable party and late supper. That, of course, cannot be the case to-day."

"I know I should not have attempted it in my weak state, doctor. I know just what you would think of it," sighed the fashionable woman, from her downy bed. "But then you men will never understand what society demands of us women. Dear Estelle (dear Estelle was the invalid's daughter) had quite set her heart on going to Mrs. Donk's reception. Of course I could not allow the dear child to go unattended, and, bless your heart, Dr. Hessmen, the girl's father would not accompany her to a party if she fell dead in consequence. Oh, Lord, such a time as I did have about it, trying to induce Mr. Waters to escort her. I really believe that scene had more to do with my suffering to-day than the party had. Dear me, such a set man as Mr. Waters is! I told him—says I, 'William, this may result in my death!' Says he, 'When a woman gets to be forty years old, and don't know enough to take care of her own health, and the healths of her children, it is time she died;' and then doctor, he lit his cigar and puffed out of the house. I tell you this because I want you to know what has unnerved me, and that you may not lay it all to the party. Estelle is quite ill, too, doctor, and when you have written out my prescription, I wish you would walk into the next room and see her."

Dr. John knew that something must be admiistered or his professioual reputation be irretrieveably ruined; so, with a quiet smile playing around his large mouth (Dr. John's mouth was really very large, and truth compels us to state that he had an under jaw to match, though the rows of unexceptionally white and even teeth, and the silken, chin-covering, glossy and soft as woman's hair, entirely redeemed the lower part of his face from ugliness) the physican wrote the few necessary Latin words, among which *aqua* seemed really the most conspicuous, and then passed into the other room. The doctor knew what awaited him. This little game had been tried more than once before.

"Good morning, Miss Estelle," said Dr. John, approaching the sofa where the languid beauty reclined. "Your mother tells me you are ill."

Miss Estelle, with an almost impatient gesture, brushed back the floating hair from her temples—carelessly, and really unintentionally, it would seem, baring by the motion one of the most beautiful arms that sculptor ever raved about—and replied:

"Your manner seems to say, 'Miss Estelle, you are always ill.' Why don't you behave yourself?"

"Oh, how happy I should be, Dr. John, if you would once in your life be kind to me. I do really think something is the matter with my heart. What if I should die?"

No picture of Watteau's could ever have been more witching, more charmingly colored than the little form before him. Every accessory of "To Let!" had been brought to bear upon the citadel of his heart—and to a handsome woman no dress is so becoming as the negligee of her boudoir, with its lace and fantastic embroidery, slippered feet and graceful poture. Then the vases filled with flowers, the mirrors, and jewels, and perfumes, and enticing lolling chairs. Heigho! many a strong man has bowed to such a shrine—made a fool of himself for life—when in the glare and glitter of the drawing room no such nonsense would have been thought of.

Dr. John acknowledged the beauty of this picture. It was dainty, piquant, dangerous. It had been dished up to him on several previous occasions, but never so much to his mind as now. The beauty's manner was earnest and almost supplicating. What man could fail to be appreciative under such circumstances? Remember, too, that Dr. John was longing to be loved—had that very morning almost prayed that Heaven would send him a little bundle of comfort in shape of a good wife, and it will not be strange that, notwithstanding the efforts previously made to entrap him, he should think only of the present loveliness.

"What are you reading Miss Estelle?" asked Dr. John, after a moment of appreciative scrutiny. "Wilsen's Essays, eh?" and the doctor's face showed all the surprise and pleasure felt by its owner. "And upon my word, if here isn't Emerson. That is healthy food—rather heavy, though, I should think, for a sick girl!"

Miss Estelle drew a long breath. For the first time in the twelve months of trial had she received one word of compliment or condemnation from the man whom her mother had determined she should marry.

"And as true as I live, another book under the pillow. Really I have some curiosity to know the title of that volume also," continued the doctor, almost caressingly.

"Oh, it is nothing," replied the would-be invalid languidly, but a stupid cookery book that I got from the library. Mother depends upon me, you see, for our desserts, and I can tell you sometimes my ingenuity is sorely tested."

One little hand tucked the volume further under the pillow, while the other unconsciously, of course, dropped upon the doctor's. With the white jewelled fingers lying on his, the fair dazzling face upturned, the word which would have doomed him to misery all the days of his life, were unspoken.

How wonderfully providentially little things sometimes appear to save from desolation and death! The hand with which she had striven to hide the partly concealed volume, had, strangely enough, lifted the frill of the pillow and disclosed both title and author—one of the most mischievous and reckless written books ever translated into the English language.

For a moment the doctor sat silent with horror and astonishment. Not so much that the young woman before him had developed a taste for such literature, but that she could so unblushingly lie to him.

"I do not think," said he, at last, "that you need any medicine. So you have my permission to study the cook-book under your pillow as diligently as you may feel disposed. It is pleasant to know that fashionable young ladies are possessed of such domestick and literary tastes. Good morning, Miss Waters."

Dr. John passed out of that abode sick at heart.

"I came very near losing myself in that trap. What confounded fools men are!"

The thought was rather humiliating, and Dr. John was unable to shake it off during the day and when he turned his horse's head homewards, it was with a feeling of disgust and loneliness never before expcienced.

"Pretty much all alike, I'm afraid," he continued, softly, to himself.

Just then a little figure in the middle of the street attracted his attention. A child, to all appearance, not a day over five years, with uplifted arms, stood, heedless of danger, looking straight into his face. Quicker than I can tell, Dr. John had jumped from his carriage, seized the little creature and placed her on the seat besides him.

"You were in great danger, my dear," said the doctor, looking down into the singularly sweet and intelligent face. "What made you stand in the middle of the crowded street?"

"Are you a doctor?" was the only reply vouchsafed.

"By profession, yes, little miss, and by name, John Hessman. Have you any commands for his highness?"

"If you are a doctor, I want you to go home with me, and if you are not, please tell me where I can find one. My sister Kate is sick—awful sick—and she talks and sings all the time; and I haven't got any money—neither has she; but she will die if somebody don't come."

"I am a doctor, and will go home with you my little darling," said our friend, involuntarily drawing the sobbing child towards him. "Don't cry; I can help her if anybody can."

Before they arrived at the residence of the sick girl, Dr. John had discovered by skilful questioning, that the child's nome was Florence Britton—the sister's Kate Britton; that Kate wrote stories, and made reports, and sometimes had to be out late at night taking notes and preparing articles for the press; that she had not been well during the winter, and for the last three weeks had been unable to attend to her literary duties, and was now suffering from brain fever. The room which the doctor entered was plainly and neatly furnished, and bore unmistakable marks of refinement and taste.

"Kate," said the little girl, climbing into the bed where her sister lay moaning with pain; "sister Kate, I have brought a doctor to see you; I found him in the street, and he says he can make you well. Look at him, Kate—he is very kind."

"Cuddle right down beside me, Flory, darling. There; that's a good little girl. Go to sleep; don't mind sister Kate, she's only got a headache. Say your prayers, Flory, say your prayers," murmured the girl, even in delirium thoughtful of her precious charge.

Here was a case to rouse Dr. John's energies—a case which appealed to his sympathy and respect—a case, so far as he was able to judge, of utter loveliness and destitution. So, like the good man he was, he set himself to work in good earnest. A good nurse was procured; necessary articles were brought into the house, and over all he watched as tenderly as if the sufferer had been his own sister. The fourth day the invalid awoke to consciousness, and looked at Dr. John straight in the face.

"Where am I?" attempting to rise.

"At home," he replied. "Please be very quiet."

"Where is Flory?"

"Asleep by your side. Don't ask any more questions."

"Who are you?" she continued, apparently oblivious to the command.

"John Hessman, at your service, and at present your self-constituted physician, who will be obeyed. Now drink this beef tea—take Flory's little hand in yours, and go to sleep."

With a sigh of relief, a smile, a momentary attempt to keep her eyes open a little longer, and the invalid was sleeping as quietly as an infant.

Four weeks from that day, Miss Kate Britton rode out in the doctor's carriage, almost as well as ever.

Doctor John looked unutterable things as he jumped into his gig and took his seat beside her. Very like the day a month ago when he had something very particular to say to himself—only now he evidently had a communication to make to another.

"It will be safe for me to resume my writing to-morrow, will it not, doctor?" enquired Kate, the first to break the silence, "I feel better and stronger to-day than I have for a year."

"No, little girl," replied the doctor, "It will not be safe for you to resume your writing in six months."

"Oh, doctor! you are only joking now! I know you are," said Kate, noting the look of amusement in his expressive eyes.

"No, Kate, indeed, I am not joking You shall never go back to that drudgery again, if I can help it."

The hot blood mounted clear to Kate's temples.

"Dr. Hessman," she said, assuming a business like manner, "but for you, I should have been in my grave!"

"In all probability," broke in her companion, with more truth than modesty.

"Well," she continued, "you have saved my life, kept my darling little sister from starvation, and cared for us both, as though we had been your own kindred! But how can I ever—"

"There, child, stop just where you are. Never, if you have any regard for my feelings, allow that word to slip from your lips. I want to take you and Flory to my home and make your happiness my only care. In short, Kate, I want a wife and a sister. Will you be the first? Perhaps you do not exactly love me now, but I know I can make you!"

"But I do love you!" said Miss Kate, under her breath.

"All right then! Will you go?"

She went.

Dr. John scarcely ever talks to himself now.

Miscellaneous.

The Horse and His Rider.—It was a happy day for the Horse and his rider when the Mustang Liniment was introduced as a cure for the external diseases and injuries of both. In the stable, the barn and the household this wonderful emollient is equally useful. If a horse is spavined or foundered, or harnessgalled, or afflicted with any other of the many superficial ills that equine flesh is heir to, the Liniment effects a speedy cure, and it is equally efficacious when applied to draught oxen or cows suffering from outward swellings, strains, or hurts of any description. As an application for bruises, cuts, burns, rheumatism, stiff joints, sprains, neuralgia, earache and toothache, it takes precedence for all other topical remedies, and is therefore an article of prime necessity in family.

There was a man in our town
And he was wonderous wise,
He had a pain from ear to ear,
Another between his eyes;
And when he saw he had Catarrh,
With all his might and main
He purchased Sage's Remedy
And has his health again,
It is sold by druggists everywhere.

The Republican Convention of Massachusetts renominated Gov. Wasburne for the Governorship.

The Shœppe Case.

The second trial of Paul Shœppe, for the alleged murder by poison of Miss M. M. Steinneck, of Baltimore, was terminated at Carlisle, Pa., on Friday last, the jury after remaining out only ten minutes, returning a verdict of "not guilty." Thus after a lapse of about four years, and which must have been years of almost intollerable agony, to the prisoner, as for more than three years of that time the sentence of an ignominious death hung over him, he is at last free. In conversation with a reporter since his acquittal he says;

At one time I was within two days of death on the gallows. The 23d of December 1869, had been appointed as the time for my execution, but on the 21st a respite came from Gov. Geary. Baron Gerolt, the then Prussian minister at Washington, had seen him three days before in my behalf, and finally prevailed upon him to save me. On the 18th of December, five days before the appointed time, the measure for my coffin was taken, and one of the carpenters, on leaving me, jocularly remarked, "Well, we'll allow two inches for the stretching of your neck." I made no reply, but felt keenly the poignancy of the words. I knew nothing of Baron Gerolt's visit to Gov. Geary until I received the respite, and I had made up my mind to submit to my fate. I had burned all my private papers, and had fully prepared my mind for death."

"In giving his opinion of the two trials he says: "At my first trial, the presiding judge, Jas. H. Graham, was violently prejudiced against me, and was in law partnership with the prosecuting officer. Before him I had no fair chance. Public sentiment had been strongly manufactured and greatly embittered against me, and my life was demanded. The jury was made to feel the force of the prejudice which had been raised, and while I sat before my accusers I heard repeated cries from the street of 'hang the d—d Dutchman.'"

In regard to the medical testimony, Shœppe remarks: "I feel that I have been completely vindicated before every unprejudiced mind by the testimony offered at my second trial. It has not only been proved that I committed no offence, but that I was correct in my treatment of Miss Stinneck. Professor Aiken has shown himself to be a mere pretender, and is now before the world as unworthy of confidence. But for his report of the discovery of prussic acid, now proved to have been utterly untrue, I would not have been arrested, and I leave you to imagine my feelings towards him. His conduct at first was very vindictive, but I hear he has changed his opinion."

Alluding to his past and present, he says: I came to Carlisle nine months before my arrest; I was a perfect stranger and unable to speak English; but by close attention to my profession duties, I met with good success. When I was arrested my practice was at the rate of $2,500 or $3,000 a year, and I had in bank about $1,800, which I had carefully saved. I had no debts and my prospects were bright. Now I am at a loss to know what to do. Of course I must commence life again, and that, too, in the face of a most unhappy notoriety. It is my wish to continue the practice of my profession, but I cannot decide at present.

In reply to the question, "What will you do now in regard to Miss Stinneck's will, he said that his attorneys in Baltimore had instituted proceedings against the executors named in the first will. He also alleges that he has papers which contain strong and unmistakable evidence of the genuineness of the will.

The antecedent history of this extraordinary case is briefly told as follows by an exchange:

The first trial of Paul Schœppe was commenced before Junge Graham, Stuart and Blair, on the 24th of May,

NORTH CAROLINIAN

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN, : : : : : : Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept. 18, 1872.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.

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FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Electoral Ticket.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:

MARCUS ERWIN, of Buncombe.
SAMUEL F. PHILLIPS, of Wake.

FOR THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS:

1. EDWARD RANSOM, of Tyrrell.
2. WILLIAM F. LOFTIN of Lenoir.
3. WM. A. GUTHRIE, of Cumberland.
4. THOMAS M. ARGO, of Orange.
5. HENRY WALSER, of Davidson.
6. WILIAM S. BYNUM, of Lincoln.
7. JAMES G. RAMSAY, of Rowan,
8. JAMES M. JUSTICE, of Rutherford.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

It is the true policy of every nation to encourage and support their own manufactories. If they do not they will not be prosperous. And what is true of countries is true of neighborhoods and towns. Name to us a town where the citizens do not encourage their own mechanics by extending toward them a liberal support, by giving them their patronage, and we will show you a town "poor and seedy"—a town in which Enterprise is dead and Improvement a stranger.

The true doctrine is to encourage Enterprise and its twin sister Improvement will surely follow. Never pass by your own Mechanics for articles which they can manufacture as well as those you can procure abroad. If you send to other towns or cities for your shoes and other articles of use when you can get these articles just as good at your own door, you are lending a hand to a system of trade which cannot result otherwise than serious to your town. You may call it encouraging Commerce, but it is of that kind which will prostrate your own Mechanics, your own Merchants—aye destroy even yourself. You contribute to the prosperity of strangers that which you refuse to contribute to the town in which you live.

Now, we hold that men who advocate this policy, and especially those who practice them are not good citizens. For a temporary gain they are willing to sacrifice the common weal. To add a present penny to their own pockets, they are willing to take, or at least keep, several out of the pockets of their neighbors. They are short sighted and as foolish as they are selfish, for just in proportion as they paralyze the industry of their native town and cramp her enterprize, they eventually injure themselves. If they are producers, they discourage the settlement of consumers around them, and are obliged to send their surplus produce to a distant market. The cost of transportation is deducted from their profits, and their houses and lands depreciate in value just in the direct ratio that manufactures and trade are retarded. Their real estate will neither rent nor sell because there is no encouragement to induce an increase of population.

On the other hand, where a wiser policy is inaugurated and practiced an entirely different state of affairs exist. The town is prosperous. Merchants, Mechanics and tradesmen generally are attracted there. Manufactories spring up. Real estate advances in value. Houses and lots are in demand. A market of the best kind is open to the farmer. School houses are built. Newspapers are established and sustained, and everything moves along in the beautiful harmony which a judicious encouragement of Home Industry will always produce.

"HAVE YOU HEARD THE NEWS FROM MAINE?"

The Greeleyites have had another Waterloo defeat. Maine, which held her State election on the 9th inst., followed North Carolina and Vermont in rolling up a Republican majority and indorsing the Administration of President GRANT. The Greeley Democracy strained every nerve to make an impression, but the true and steady yeomanry of the Northeast border State were not to be bribed nor seduced from the path of patriotism and duty, but went to the polls and rolled up an overwhelming Republican majority, reelecting our personal friend SIDNEY PERHAM, Governor by 16,000 majority, making a clear sweep of each Congressional District, electing every Senator and at least four-fifths of the House of Representatives! It was a glorious day's work, and no wonder our Greeley supporters are "down in the mouth." Now for Indiana and Pennsylvania. They'll give the death blow to the party opposing Gen. GRANT.

Is there a limit to lying?—*Tribune,*

CARL SCHURZ'S limit is said to be $250.

THE HOUR AND THE ISSUES.

Useless and noxious weeds spring up spontaneously. What is good and necessary for food must be planted and cultivated with the most faithful care. The first defies destruction. The sun may burn, the frost may blight, the drought may wither and the flood may drown; the art of man may combine with the elements of nature to make war on them, yet still they live. They may appear subdued for a time, and men may flatter themselves that the noisome pests are at last eradicated, but the soil has to be neglected but a little season and they reappear rank and defiant. In contrast to this what anxious vigilance, and unremitting labor is required to bring the fruits and grains to perfection. Their frailty seems to be in proportion to their value. The ground must be broken up and enriched, the proper time selected for planting, hoeing and reaping. The weeds must be cut down and uprooted with an unsparing hand. They must be guarded from the beasts of the field, the birds of the air and from insects, and then the scorching sun, the biting frost and other ills that may cause them to perish.

And all this is a good lesson—one worthy the study of the Statesman and honest politician. These great facts in the natural world illustrate the conflict between truth and error, between civilization and barbarism. Error springs as spontaneous, bold and defiant as do noxious weeds. Error is dependent on no conditions; it needs no missionaries; it goes without being carried; it springs without being planted; it flourishes without being cultivated. On the other hand, truth is entirely dependent on favorable conditions. It goes only when it is carried; its sphere is limited to the influence of its disciples: it must be *planted,* by education, in the heart of every individual member of society, and matured with "line upon line and precept upon precept."

The system of underlying truths, which are the foundation of our civilzation, have gained strength by what it has cost to preserve them. But they are not yet saved in any such sense as that it will be prudent to withhold our watching. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." The wickedness and barbarism of Slavery have been vanquished on the battle-field, but its *spirit* still lives and is still bitter if not open and defiant. The same spirit of error which debauched the American conscience till it tolerated the crimes of the "peculiar institution" in the very bosom of our Republic, is an active and political element in the moral and political struggles which are now taking place in our land. The existence of the Ku Klux conspiracy, with its damnable purposes and record, extending its ramifications through all the Southern States, drawing its principles, its inspirations, its institutions from a great political party whose leaders to day are contesting the field for the supremacy of the government of these United States, proves that the essential spirit of hatred to the Union is not only alive in the South, but that it threatens even now the subversion and overthrow of those several principles of perfect liberty and equal justice which have cost the country so dearly.

The Democracy may talk about "accepting the situation," about "new departures," about friendship for the blackman, and their willingness to accede to him his newly acquired rights, but the fact remains that at heart it is actuated by the same spirit of caste, of prejudice, of sectional hate that has controlled it during the past thirty years. The same intolerance of public opinion and free discussion, the same opposition to education and equal rights, the same disregard of the constitution and of the law,—these are still its conspicuous attributes. Give it power and it will show it.

Now these noisome weeds in our fair land, these heresies of the Democracy the people have repudiated. They have labored zealously to entirely eradicate them from our midst. A partial success has been realized, but let not the country be deceived into a belief that all danger is passed. The enemy is quiet but not subdued, nor will the spirit actuating it die out so long as it can drink nourishment from the Democratic party. The country can be saved to ourselves and our children only by unsleeping vigilance and untiring labor. Ku Kluxism may not in future play so prominent a part in the tactics of the Democratic party as in the past, but the animating spirit of that party is not changed, and *will not be changed until the party is annihilated and its very name forgotten.* So long as it has a corporate body its indwelling spirit will be in the future just what it has been in the past.

We repeat it, let not the country be deceived. Though the Democracy of the South put on garments of light it is not to be trusted. The fair speeches of the leaders are made to deceive. Their game is now one of duplicity. They are doing their level best to divert the issue in this campaign. Let no loyal man be duped. The issue before the nation still is and must be the great Republican doctrines against their perversion or surrender to the disloyal conspirators of the Democratic party. This is the inevitable issue, and all the parties of the country cannot change it.

A SIGNIFICANT CONTRAST.

Go among politicians who for any reason have been turned out of office, or who for any reason have failed to get all the public positions they ever aspired to, and you will find a majority clamoring for a "new deal" by the election of GREELEY to the Presidency.

But go out among the rank and file of the people—the honest laboring men in the fields and the workshops and in the manufacturing establishments of the country—and you will find a great majority in favor of continuing President GRANT at the the head of the nation four years more.

Hon. T. J. JARVIS, Presidential elector for the State at large, is ill at his home in Columbia.—*Raleigh News.*

Sorry, but not surpised to hear it. We know that swallowing GREELEY would make him sick. He ought to have known better.

MAINE!

O, HEAR THE NEWS!

Another Greeley Setback!

She Gives over Sixteen Thousand Majority.

All the Republican Congressmen Elected.

NOT A GREELEY MAN IN THE SENATE.

Five Thousand Gains Since Last Year.

CARRY THE NEWS TO HORACE.

"Have you heard from old Varmount, Mount,
Mount,
All honest and true;
Seventeen thousand is the tune,
For Tippecanoe and Tyler too.

"Oh, have you heard the news from Maine,
Maine, Maine,
All honest and true,
For Governor Kent, six thousand gain.
For Tippecanoe and Tyler too."

[*Campaign Song of* 1840.]

The gallant freemen of glorious Maine still keep alive the patriotic spirit of the "Tippecanoe campaign" of 1840. She continues sound to the core—*is Republican all the way through!* At the election held on the 9th inst., her sturdy sons went to the polls and voted for *and elected* the Administration ticket from top to bottom. The result is thus tersely given by Speaker Blaine in the following despatch.

To the President of the United States, Long Branch, N. J.:

We have carried the State for Governor Perham by more than 15,000 majority, a net gain of 5,000 on last year's vote. We have carried all the Congressional Districts, the closest by well nigh 2,000 majority. We have carried every county in the State, something we never achieved but once before. We have elected every Senator and chosen more than four-fifths of the House of Representatives. Our victory is complete and overwhelming at all points and insures you more than 25,000 majority in November.

HARD ON EX-SPEAKER JARVIS.

A correspondent of the Greensboro *New North State* thus "pitches in" to that recently converted Greeleyite Ex-Speaker JARVIS:

One Jarvis, I am informed, who is an old turkey-cock bachelor looking around for some pretty maiden whom he may devour, recently told the ladies of Fayettville that they could destroy the Republican party of this State by scorn, ostracism, &c., and politely enjoined it upon them to adopt this method of warfare. The old gobbler has no more respect, therefore, for the ladies of this State than to endeavor to bring them into politics in their most ungentle aspect. Wherever heretofore introduced, it has been the mission of woman to refine and elevate the coarser passions of men. But this elegant old ostrich has discovered a new law for politics and society. No sensible lady will be misled by such cantankerous cackling and nonsense. If any should be, silence on the part of Republicans will be their noblest revenge. Those who suffer the slights and contumely of society grow strong in virtue, a fear of God, and firm in their long-suffering for right and conscience' sake. Rather than destroy us by such a mode of warfare, we warn old Jarvis that it will only make us stronger, his political existence to the contrary, notwithstanding. And now while he does have time, in conclusion, we say to him to retire into the shades of matrimony and attend to his own family and let other people's alone. Let him button up his forty-gallon waistcoat, shake out his pipe-stem trowsers, curl his five and twenty hairs on the crown of his noble brow, and RETIRE! Clear out of the way, you are an old fraud. Git, Jarvis, and stop talking nonsense in the presence of ladies.

BOZ.

DEMOCRATIC BATTLE CRIES.

1864—"Anything to destroy the Union."

1872—"Anything to beat the men who saved the Union."

It seems rather strange that every indication of the country's prosperity should convey dismay and grief into the hearts of our great modern reformers; but such is the case nevertheless. It will be a source of much unhappiness for them to learn that under the present "corrupt and iniquitous Administration," as they so flippantly call it, the debt has been reduced $10,736,635 during the past month. The sorrowful fact exists however.

The prospects of the GREELEY ticket are still on the wane. We felt satisfied that the noise and lying of his supporters and organs could not long deceive the American people, and that reflection and discussion would bring out clearly the issues involved. The people see that GREELEY'S supporters are influenced cheifly by hope and hate—hope of the offices they want, and hate for those who have not bestowed offices as the haters desired.

"And now for Maine," shouted the Greeleyite organs after their faction had been beaten in North Carolina. They have now heard from Maine, and we hope they like it. In the districts where Greeleyism was said to be strongest, the Republican vote was largest. HALE, for instance, who was said to be quite certain to meet defeat, has beaten his antagonist, PIKE, by an overwhelming majority. Our majority in the State is not less than 16,000.

The safest way to travel would seem to be to stay at home. The recent report of disasters to steamers in our own waters, on the sea, and abroad, have in them such terrors as make timid people content to keep out danger. And the worst of it is that all these disasters are the result of criminal negligence on the part of men, for which negligence there is no known cure.

All the signs show that HORACE GREELEY does not "wear well" as a candidate. The *furore* of personal enthusiasm which his friends hoped for him is wholly wanting. The financial interest of the country has been against him from the start. The tendency of the campaign has been to unite instead of further divide the Republicans. The Republican prospects are growing brighter every day.

Noise and lying cannot deceive the American people.—*Tribune.*

True, and for proof we cite the fact that the GREELEY movement is dying.

The people of Indiana will avoid the trouble of two political funerals by burying Hendricks and Greeley in the same political grave in October.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

The people of Pennsylvania propose doing the same with BUCKALEW on the same day.

Everything now points to a signal Republican success in November. The Democratic party, with all its legends and influences, will perish, and hang up in the hall of history with the old Federal and the old Whig parties. Its fate is sealed.

Correspondence.

A Card.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

"William. B. Pritchard authorizes the statement, that the announcement of his name as one of the Vice Presidents of the central Greeley Club is without his cousent—and the objects to having such unauthorized liberties taken with his name."—NORTH CAROLINIAN.

I met Mr. Pritchard on the street, in E. City and after the ordinary salutations I said "Mr. Pritchard we desire to have you as one of the Vice Presidents of the Central Greeley Club for Mount Hermon Township if you have no special objection. He replied I had rather you would appoint some body else better suited for it." I answered, it has been agreed upon; and we think you the most suitable of any one in this end of the township, and your name will be announced unless you specially object to it. He replied I had *some* rather some one else was appointed.

RUFUS K. SPEED.
Pres't Central Greeley and Brown Club of Pasquotank.

E. City Sept. 15th 1872.

This is handed to us during Dr. John's absence—We know nothing about the matter or who authorized the statement above made in the NORTH CAROLINIAN.

(ED—AD INTERIM.)

John Pool.

John Pool is the apparation, the nightmare, the hobgoblin, the Gorgon's head which is constantly putting in terror Joe Turner and all the other scoundrels in the State. They watch his footsteps by day in terror, lest his shaft may strike their rotten bodies, and they dream of him at night as Richard dreamed of Clarence. They hate him as conspirators hate patriots, and they fear him as fiends fear saints. The horrid frenzy of Macbeth was mere complacency compared with Joe Turner's terror at the mere mention of the name of John Pool, and if the murdered Stevens should some day appear to the vile wretch and reveal all he knew, it would not make Joe's hair stand on end more rigidly than it does when he sees Pool walk along the streets of Raleigh.

Just now all the Greeley press of the State are terribly agitated lest John Pool may after all be elected Senator instead of Vance, and with chattering teeth they are reiterating their maledictions upon him. Why is this? No Republican has suggested that Mr. Pool could be elected. Who invented the story? Was it trumped up by these lying villians so that they could get a fresh opportunity to degrade themselves by insulting the ablest and most distinguished living North Carolinian? Who can tell us the origin of this canard?—Possibly we can suggest an answer. The masses of the people of the State have more confidence in John Pool than they have in as many Joe Turner's as can stand touching elbows, between Raleigh and Washington. And it may be that somebody has dropped a word which did not strike pleasantly on the infamous Turner's scrofulous tympanum. It may be that some Greeleyite or Merrimonite, as you please, has suggested to somebody that Pool could render the State more service in the Senate than Vance. This would be a quite natural reflection, even to a Greeleyite, and if it has actually been uttered, may account for the present prevalent trepidation on the part of our dearly beloved and severely terrified brethren.

However it is, we sympathize profoundly with these afflicted fellows, who, it appears, can't sleep o' nights for fear of John Pool. We therefore recommend to them a dose of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," the sedative qualities of which will be good for their disordered nerves.—*Wilmington Post.*

How the Many are Ruled by the Few.

It appears strange to the great mass es of the people how the Republicans elected their whole State ticket, and yet the Democrats have a large majority in the Legislature and five out of eight Congressmen. It does appear strange but is easily explained. The unjust, partizan, unconstitutional and infamous legislation of the late Legislature has thus placed it in the power of the few to rule the many. It was done by gerrymandering the State, with that view and intention.

To prove it, we need but state the facts. The *three* Republican Congressmen elect have an aggregate majority of about *eleven thousand,* while the aggregate majorities the *five* Democratic members is only about *eight thousand!* Then again, the *eighteen* Republican Senators elect have an aggregate majority of about *twelve thousand,* while the *thirty-two* Democratic ones have an aggregate majority of only about *nine thousand!*

Thus it is that with a difference of three thousand majority in favor of the Republicans, the Democrats have five Congressmen to the Republicans three, and thirty-two Senators to the Republicans eighteen. Thus it is that the people of the State are not truely represented in Congress. For, should the election of the President go to the House of Representative, voting by States, North Carolina would cast her vote for the Democratic candidate, while the Republcans have a majority in the State. And thus too, the Senate of North Carolina are not representatives of the popular will.

And so that which seems so strange to the masses is brought about by gross wrong and outrage upon the part of Democrats, who it appears, are determined, notwithstanding their minority, to rule the State. But let the people remember—they secure the majority in the Senate by wrong and do not represent the popular will.—*Winston Rep.*

The Boston *Post* says that a Florida nursery man has sent Mrs. Horace Greeley a crate of peaches weighing from nine to fourteen ounces each. This is the first instance of a man being impeached before he is elected. And these peaches were as large as the compliments once returned by an editor who said "we have received a basket of strawberries from Mr. Smith, for which he will please accept our compliments some of which are four inches in circumference."

The resignation of Governor Emory, Supervisor of Internal Revenue for Kentucky, Mississippi, Alabama, Tennessee and Louisiana, has been accepted by the President to take effect at once. Supervisor Perry, of North Carolina, succeds him. K. R. Cobb has been appointed to Perry's district. J. M'Donald has been appointed Supervisor of Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Kansas and Indiana.

The Peabody Educational Fund.

The following is the plan of distribution of the Peabody Education Fund:

Donations are not made to colleges, academies or any private sectarian, or charity schools.

There will be given for well regulated Public Free Schools; continued about ten months of the year, and having a regular attendance not less than

100	pupils, averaging 85 pr ct.		$300
150	"	"	450
200	"	"	600
250	"	"	800
300	"	"	1000

Thd people are to pay for current expenses at least twice as much as they receive from the fund, and bear all expense of erecting, repairing and furnishing school houses. They are to grade their schools and provide a teacher for every fifty pupils.

Applications for assistance should be addressed to Rev. B. Sears, D. D., Staunton, Va., and forwarded to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, Raleigh, N. C. The application for each school should state the facts of the case briefly and clearly, and be approved by the School Committee of the township in which the school is situated. No claim for a share of the fund can be admitted where a special contract has not been previously made.

ALEX. MCIVER,
Supt. of Public Instruction.

The Two Pyramids.

In the political pyramids given below, it will be seen that the Greeley shaft is somewhat higher than the Grant column, but its base is very weak—indeed, the whole structure is exceedingly rotten—and liable to fall at any moment:

The Grant Pyramid.

MAINE.
OREGON.
VERMONT.
CONNECTICUT.
RHODE ISLAND.
WEST VICGINIA.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NORTH CAROLINA.

The Greeley Pyramid.

TWEED.
KU KLUX.
SWEENEY.
OAK HALL.
JOHN SMITH.
N. Y. TRIBUNE.
THE REBEL DEBT.
JEFFERSON DAVIS.
ANDREW JOHNSON.
SOFT SHELL CRABS.

The Herald on the Elections.

The *Herald* reviews the Maine election at some length and predicts it as certain that Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Rhode Island will cast their electoral votes for the Republican candidate.

The *Herald* attributes the signal defeats of the Liberal party in the late elections as partly owing to the incompetence of the leaders; and judging from the present indications, concludes that all the States which voted for Grant in 1868 will all, or nearly all, vote for him 1872, and there will be no more change in, Indiana, Pennsylvania, Ohio, &c., in October, than there has been in Vermont and Maine in September.

What agonies must that poet have endured who, writing of his love. asserted in his manuscript that he "kissed her under the silent stars," and found the compositor had made him declare that he "kicked her under the cellar stairs."

When P. T. Barnum rode into Bridgeport, Conn, the other day, with the blooming Horace Greeley by his side, a voice arose from among the unsophisticated ruralists in the street: "Hallon, Barnum, what have you got here—another humbug?"

A Shrewd colored citizen of Terre Haute was interviewed by a Greeley man the other day. "Don't you remember that Mr. Greeley was alwa's a warm advocate of the rights of your race, and an earnest Republican?" queried the chow-chows. 'Yes sah." was the reply; "and 'pears to me I has read dat Lucifer was in heaven once. But he's not dere now—not now, sah."

Trumbull, the peevish senator from Illionis, spoke at Cincinnati Wednesday night, and whined through his usual amount of calumny and abuse. George E. Pugh was on the platform, and at a given signal he and Trumbull advanced and shook hands. "the vast assembly loudly applauded." Pugh wiped his eyes. Trumbull his nose, and the affecting scene was over.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

A young man whose moustash is visible by the aid of a microscope, was the victim of misplaced confidence a short time ago. He had been particularly sweet on a very young lady, and had previously paid her several visits. The girl's parents thinking both too young to begin keeping company with each other, gave them a gentle hint to that effect—first, by calling the girl out of the room and sending her to bed; and second, by the lady of the house bringing into the room a huge slice of bread and butter, with molasses attachment, and saying to the youth in her kindest manner, "There, Bubby, take this and go home; it is a long way, and your mother will be anxious."

The Norfolk *Journal* of Wednesday gives the subjoined particulars of a recent murder commmitted in Curituck county:

"From a gentleman of this city we have received the particulars of a murder committed on the farm of Mr. Calvin Cason, at Moore's Point, in Currituck county, N. C., (near the line of Princess Anne county, in this State.) on Saturday night last. It appears that a negro boy named Philip——, had a quarrel with a negro man named Jesse Williams about some trifling circumstance, in the course of which Williams called Philip a liar. This so enraged Philip that he ran to the house, and, seizing Mr. Cason's gun, advanced within ten paces of Williams and fired—the charge, a heavy load of duck shot, entering his left breast just above the heart, and killing him almost instantly.

After the man had fallen, the boy walked up to him, and was about to discharge the contents of the other barrel into the bleeding body, when Mrs. Cason ran out of the house and grasped the gun. Philip then threw the gun on the ground and fled. Williams lived about ten minutes after being shot, but never spoke. The boy Philip, who is about 18 years old, is supposed to be lurking in this city, or in Hampton whence he came. We learn that the negroes in the neighborhood where the murder was committed are greatly exasperated, and are determined that the murderer shall not escape justice. Both of the parties were employed by Mr. Cason, who, we are informed, offers a reward of $50 for the apprehension of Philip. The murder is said to have been a most cold blooded deed."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FEMALE SCHOOL.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The 13th Session of Miss SOPHIA E. MARTIN'S School will begin on the 1st of October 1872.

Bills for the whole Session will be sent in at the close of each half session.

13-4t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A DRUG STORE WORTH SEEING!

To the Editor of the North Carolinian

During a recent visit to your little City I was among other things attracted by the new Drug Store of Dr. J. N. BUTT, No. 75 Road Street, and I cannot resist the impulse to ask your readers to call and see it, as it is not surpassed by any you will meet in the South, not in Baltimore will you find one more elegantly fitted up except its deficiency in gas lights which the Doctor hopes to supply soon. It is a two story brick building, 65 to 27 feet, with dwelling above. The lower story is divided into Dispensing Room, Office, Ware Room and Laboratory. The Store Room is very light. The front being entirely of plate glass, nine pieces 90 inches long, with two doors and one window, glass 56 x 90. The doors being double, shut one upon the other, and when open, as in summer, are folded back into a recess to the wall, making a straight line with the door and an elegant finish. The doors and flanges to the same being of plate glass, 90 inches long, does not impede the light open or shut. The floor is almost even with the pavement and is covered with a carpet of cocoa matting. There are two counters on either side, 12 feet long, beautifully white splendidly finished, and of good designs with Italian marble tops. Their ends 8 feet from the doors, pass at right angle to the wall. On the right hand one is a Tennessee Marble Fountain, and on the other an Aquarium of Gold and other Fish. On either side between the door and counters, is a fine silver mounted walnut Show Case, 5 feet high, fastened to the wall, a beautiful and attractive ornamens to display Fancy Articles, and in the rear a Poison Case of the same kind. Three fine silver mounted and one plate glass Prescription Case, with scales and clock on top, and one fine balance scale adorn the counters. There are over 120 drawers which make a fine display, they are of sweet gum varnished, which is the prettiest wood that could be used. The shelves are supported on iron brackets, at the terminus of which, 3 feet from the ceiling, is a snow white cornice, interlined with two strips of gilt moulding. The wall and entire store is pure white except the drawers and when lighted presents a very imposing display

Last but not least, if the "little jewel" of an office which is so much needed by every business man. The Doctor is doing, as he tells us, an extensive and lucrative office practice. It is fitted up in fine style, with every modern ne.. ty, and consultations are made with as much privacy as in your own home. The Laboratory is not yet finished, but when done will be a very responsible part of the establishment. The Doctor keeps a large stock of goods pertaining to the Drug Store.

VISITOR.

September 1872.

A FAMILY ARTICLE.

AN ENTIRELY NEW

SEWING MACHINE

For Domestic Use.

ONLY FIVE DOLLARS.

With the New Patent Button Hole Worker.

Patented June 27th, 1872.

A most wonderful and elegantly constructed Sewing Machine for Family Work. Complete in all its Parts, Uses, the Straight Eye Pointed needle, Self Threading, Oirent upright Positive Motion, New Tention, Self Feed and Cloth Guider. Operates by Wheel and on a Table. *Light Running.* Smooth and noseless like all good high priced machine. Has Patent Check to prevent the wheel being turned the wrong way. Uses the thread direct from the spool. Makes the Elastic Lock Stitch, (finest and strongest stitch known) firm, durable, close and rapid. Will do all kinds of work, fine and coarse, from Cambric to heavy Cloth or Leather, and uses all descriptions of thread. This Machine is heavily constructed to give it strength; all the parts of each Machine being made alike by machinery, and beautifully finished and ornamented. It is very easy to learn. Rapid, Smooth and Silent in operation. Reliable at all times, and a Practical, Scientific, Mechanical Invention, at Greatly Reduced Price.

A Good, Cheap, Family Sewing Machine at last. The first and only success in procuring a valuable, substantial and reliable low priced Sewing Machine. Its extreme low price reaches all conditions. Its simplicity and strength adapts it to all capacities, while its many merits make it a universal favorite wherever used, and creates a rapid demand.

IT IS ALL IT IS RECOMMENDED.

"I can cheerfully and confidently recommend its use to those who are wanting a really good Sewing Machine, at a low price."

MRS. J. P. WILSON,
Rutherford Park Bergin Co., N. J.

Price of each Machine. "Class A." "One," (warranted for five years by special certificate,) with all the fixtures, and everything complete belonging to it, including Self-Threading Needle, packed in a strong wooden box, and delivered to any part of the country, by express, FREE of further charges, on receipt of price, ONLY FIVE DOLLARS. Safe delivery guaranteed. With each Machine we will send on receipt of $1 *extra,* the new patent

BUTTON HOLE WORKER,

One of the most important and useful inventions of the age. So simple and certain, that a child can work the finest button hole with regularity and ease. Strong and beautiful.

Special Terms, an extra Inducement to Male and Female Agents, Store Keepers, &c., who will establish agencies through the country and keep our New Machines on Exhibition and Sale. Country Rights given to smart agents FREE. Agent's complete outfits furnished without any extra charge. Samples of sewing, descriptive circulars containing Terms, Testimonials, Pictures, &c., &c., Sent Free. We also supply

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Latest Patents and Improvements for the Farm and Garden. Mowers, Reapers, Cultivators, Feed Cutters, Harrows, Farm Mills, Planters, Harvesters, Threshers and all articles needed for Farm work. Rare Seeds In large variety. Norway Oats. The wonderful multiplying Egyptian Corn $1 per bushel, &c., &c. All money sent in Post Office Order, Registered Letters, Drafts, or by Express, will be at our risk, and are perfectly secure. Safe delivery of all our goods guaranteed.

"An old and responsible firm that sells the best goods at the lowest price, aad can be relied upon by our readers."—*Farmer's Journal, New York.*

Address orders,

JEROME B. HUDSON & CO.
Corner Greenwich and Courtlandt Sts., N. Y.
18-6m.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, For the Albemarle District. } In Bankruptcy:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the 12th day of Sept. A. D. 1872, warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina, against the estate of A. P. Hyman, of Halifax Co., and State of N. Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debs and to choose one or more assignees of his state, will be heldat a Court of Bankruptcy to b holden at Elizabeth City, N. C., before T. W. Costen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 30th day of Sept., A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. T. CARROW, U. S. *Marshal,*
Jos. Z. PRATT *Cputy U. S. M. as Messenger.*
13-3t.

TURNIP SEED by Mail.

The finest Table and Field varieties; per ounce. 10; ½lb. 30c; 1lb. $1. *post paid to any address.*

5-2m. EDW'D J. EVANS & CO., YORK, PA,

TRAVELERS LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD CONN.

Capital	$500,000,00
Assetts	$1500,000,00

Insures on the low cash plan, no bothering with dividends; rates from 20 to 30 per cent. less than those charged by Mutual Companies.

Insurance also granted against accidents of all kinds. The principal sum paid in cases of death and a weekly indemnity allowed in case of disability. No Medical Examination required in accident department, and policies written by the Agent.

GEO. D. POOL, E. City, N. C.
Agent Life Dept.
CAPT. W. A. HARNEY, E City, N. C.
Agent Accident Dep
30—tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE FIRST FAIR
OF THE
ALBEMARLE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
WILL BE HELD AT
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.,

Commencing on Wednesday November 20th and Continue two days.

Competition open to all. The citizens of the Counties and of adjacent States are invited to enter articles for exhibition.

The Rules, Regulations and Premium List will be published in due time.

J. H. SHAW, Vice President, P. JOHN, Chm'n Ex. Com.
M. B. CULPEPHER, 12-tf Sect'y. W. W. KENNEDY, Pres't of the Society.

PLANING MILL

AT

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber has leased the large PLANING MILL of the Land & Lumber Company and is prepared to continue the business in all its departments on a much larger scale than heretofore.

He is prepared to furnish FLOORING, SIDING, DOORS, SASH, WINDOW FRAMES, BLINDS, BRACKETS, MOULDINGS, AND FANCY AND ORNAMENTAL WOOD WORK OF ALL KINDS.

ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY FILLED. Address

D. S. KRAMER.
Elizabeth City, N. C. 8-tf.

HORNER'S MARYLAND

SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

(We conrt the Chemist's inqury.)

After 23 years' experience in the Fertilizing business, and after establishing a wide reputation for the purity and excellence of his Rone Dust, the subscriber has been induced to prepare a Phosphate suitable to the requirements and every way worthy the attention of the Southern Farmer.

The "MARYLAND" it a juvinator and permanent improver of the soil. It simulates equal to Peruvian Guano, and sustains equal to Bone, being composed almost entirely of these ingredients, with a very liberal per centage of Potash in the residum. There is no adulterator nor inferior article used—every particle of the Phosbhate being of essentiny benefit to the land. Neither pains nor expense have been spared in its preparation, and we claim for it the greatest benefit to the farmer from the smallest outlay,

For Cotton, Wheat and Corn, and as a general stimulant and ailment for worn and impoverished land there can be nothing superior It is warranted to run as high in Ammonia and higher in Bone Phosphate than any other fertilizer in the market.

Price $50 per ton, in new bags. No charge for delivery.

BONE DUST $45, BONE MEAL $50, DISSOLVED BONE $42, our own manufacture, in new bogs; Eastern and Western BONE DUST $35. PERUVIAN GUANO delivered from Peruvian Government Warehouse at lowest rates. No charge for delivery.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN

TOBACCO SUSTAIN

AND LAND RENEWER.

The Sustain is a specific restorer of the exhausted properties of impoverished and over strained land, and will generously repay the cost of its outlay in the quality and quantity, of the Tobacco Crop, besides permonently improvinn the soil and raising it to its virgin standard.

It gives vigor to the young plant, promotes its rapid growth, and insures, in the matured crop a thickened, heavy leaf.

It is prepared similarly to the Maryland except that it contains much more potash and other Tobacco forming properties.

☞ $50 PER TON. NO CHARGE FOR DELIVERY.

JOSHUA HORNER, JR.

Manufacturer and General Commission Merchant. Office and warehouse, 54 S. Gay St. General Warehouse, Cor. Chew and Sterling Sts., Baltimore, Md. Apr, 4thto Sept. 28.

BANKRUPTCY.

From this date, I expect to be generally in my office, where I shall give special attention to cases in Bankruptcy. Having once been a Register and being familiar with all the details of the practice, and residing in the same city with the U. S. Dist. Judge, I shall have peculiar facilities for obtaining speedy Discharges in Bankruptcy. An arrangement has been made, by which the costs in Bankrupt proceedings will be greatly reduced. In all ordinary cases, I think, one hundred and twenty-five dollars, possibly less, will pay all costs and Attorney's fees.

The Bankrupt Act, as recently amended, gives a homestead of one thousand dollars and a personal exemption of one thousand dollars. This is five hundred dollars more than the State exempts. Other advantages will be explained to those who may choose to consult me,

The patronage of the First Congressional District is respectfully solicited.

C. C. POOL.
E. City, N. C., Sept. 10th, 1872.-tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LUTHER SHELDON,
Dealer In
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, STAIR RAILS,
NEWELS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
AND
BUILDING MATERIAL,
Of every description.
178 WATER STREET
NORFOLK VA.

CARPETS AND UPHOLSTERY.—
H. WERTHEIMER.
24 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Keeps on hand a full line of Linen Goods, such as Sheetings, in all widths, Shirtings, Towels, Crashes, Table Damasks, Napkins and Doyles, Table and Crumb Cloths, a large assortment of Cotton Sheetings from 4-4 to 12-4, the very best makes.

A splendid assortment of White Goods and Quilts, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Matting Rugs, &c., &c.

Special attention is called to the Upholstery and Paper-Hangings. A large stock of Wall Papers at very reduced prices.

Damasks, Plain and Striped Reps, Lace Curtains, Dimitys French, English, and American Furniture Calicos, to which Particular Attention is called.

April 13, 1871-1y.

THE CHEAP STOVE STORE,
No. 4 WIDE WATER STREET,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Having the largest and most complete assortment of *Cook and Heating Stoves* to be found south of Baltimore, I can offer inducements to buyers which cannot be found elsewhere. Parties in want of stoves will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing, as I am determined to sell as low as the Northern cities. Every stove sold by me warranted, and if it does not prove as represented, the money will be returned. (Forty-five pieces of furniture with each cook stove.)

I have also on hand a full stock of Tin Ware, Japanned Ware, Lamp Goods of all kind, Toilet Ware, &c., wholesale and retail.

☞ Guttering, Roofing, and Repairing, of all kinds, done in the best manner and on the most reas

NORTH CAROLINIAN

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1872.

☞TO NORTHERN VISITORS.☜

Elizabeth City is 50 miles South East of Norfolk, Va. Parties coming here from the North should take passage on the Bay line Steamers which leave Baltimore at 4 P. M. every evening, and arrive at Portsmouth the next morning in time to connect with the Elizabeth City Steamers, daily.

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

We call attention to the following new advertisements in this issue.

Female School.
A Family Sewing Machine.
A Drug Store Worth Seeing.

Local and Personal.

☞ Feeling the need of a few week's recreation, we have decided to spend them in filling a long standing engagement to visit a portion of the Great West. We will be absent probably a month. We expect to return in time to take an active part in the closing weeks of the Presidential campaign. We leave the NORTH CAROLINIAN in good hands. It will be issued as promptly as usual.

THE EDITOR.

☞A paper advertises for "girls for cooking." Our Devil says he would rather take his raw.

☞In our advertising columns this week will be found a very fine discription, by "Visitor," of Dr. BUTT'S new Drug Store.

☞The Greeleyites hereabout don't like "the news from Maine." The people, North and South, don't vote to please them.

☞A cotemporary observes that it is a complaint against some young ministers that while their bodies are in the pulpit their *hearts* are in the pews.

☞Hon. K. R. COKE has been transferred to the District of North and South Carolina, as Supervisor of Internal Revenue.

☞It is a fact too few fully realize and appreciate that a Science teaches us to know; an Art, to do. In Art, truth is a means; in Science, it is an end.

☞We are glad to see our young friend HARRY C. PRICE—recently on the printorial corps of this office—home on a visit. He has been spending the Summer at Baltimore.

☞We regret to learn that, as in other sections of the South, the Cotton here is being somewhat damaged by the rust. The crop, however, promises fair, and the price is looking up.

☞On our first page we print the Three Amendments to the Constitution of the United States; and we commend them to our readers as profitable reading just at this time. They make clear several points as to which there is a surprizing amount of ignorance, even among intelligent people.

☞A correspondent writes us that he has observed that in his town, where they have a "Greeley Club" when a Lib—Dem—Reform—Straight—Outer calls for a drink, the question is asked him, "How will you have it? straight out, or with the Greeley mixture?" He don't inform us how the majority take it.

☞In answer to the query of "Interested Reader," we would say that "Aladdin" is a character in the *Arabian Nights*, who becomes possessed of a wonderful lamp, and an equally wonderful ring, on rubbing which two frightful genii appear, who are respectively the slave of the lamp and the ring, and who execute the bidding of any one who may have them in his keeping.

☞Elizabeth City is a matter of fact country town. It is located in a corner of the dusty world where the wheels of life turn slowly with a smooth monotony; where the people go to and fro upon their business or pleasure without many startling events or thrilling incidents; and yet there is a latent desire in their hearts to see not alone the "glory and love and honor"—these things of which the poets sang—but something more of the kind of progress that will agitate the tranquil waters in a way that will promote the material development and advance the public good. Let it increase.

☞A sensible cotemporary gives a very striking pen picture of the man who never advertises. He is distinguished very easily by his care worn and dejected countenance. He is grasping—holds fast to what he has, and is afraid to venture. He is generally selfish, and looks upon all customers with distrust. The miserly eagerness with which he clutches the pay for his goods creates an antipathy for him in the mind of his patrons, and they generally leave him. His store is anything but inviting, as the goods are not displayed at all, and a bleak appearance of the walls is the consequence. At night he lights his store with the poorest quality of candles, which shed a pale glimmer over his goods, giving them an old and dusty look. At his store you will be certain to find mean whiskey, soft soap, damaged dry goods and groceries—all last year's fashions, etc. He seldom gives anything for public improvements or charitable purposes, and measures mankind generally in his own half bushel. Such a man never helps to build railroads, steamboats, telegraph lines, or anything of the kind. If the balance of mankind were like him, stage coaches would be the only public conveyances. Where great cities now stand, a few double pen log houses and a bar room would be instead. Colleges and schools would never have been thought of, and blissful ignorance would now reign supreme. He is never posted on the topics of the day, nor is he informed in regard to commercial affairs, because he shuts himself off from that source of information by discountenancing the press, the only means through which it can be attained. And when he dies, he is not generally lamented.

☞We don't meet so many "joyous and glad" GREELEY men as we did a month ago. The reason is obvious. Their hearts are not in the cause they pretend to advocate. "Eating crow" and the increased Republican majorities are making them sick.

☞We are gratified to learn that the people are already manifesting an interest in our coming Fair. Let everybody decide to have *something* ready to place on exhibition. It will not only add to the interest and increase the variety, but it will help to make the enterprize a success.

☞At a meeting of the Board of Education, held on the 4th inst., the following gentlemen in this Congresional District were elected Trustees of the University, to wit: Hon. C. C. Pool of Pasquotank, Hon. J. W. Albertson of Perquimans, Matchet Taylor of Camden, B. M. Baxter of Currituck, Hon. W. A. Moore of Chowan, Wm. B. Rodman of Beaufort, J. W. Etheridge of Dare, Wm. Carter of Hyde, Dr. James Redding of Pamlico, Hon. Edwin G. Reads of Pitt, D. S. Guyther of Washington, Maj. Jesse J. Yeates of Hertford, Col. Thos' D. Hoffler of Gates, S. W. Watts of Martin, Eli Spruill of Tyrrell.

☞In our last issue we briefly announced the painful news of the death of A. P. CONE Esq., of Wellsboro, Pa. He had just returned from a visit here, took sick and in one week after died. His loss will be severely felt by our people as well as by those in the town in which he lived. Mr. CONE was no ordinary man. Possessing enlarged views, and imbued with the true spirit of enterprize, he was never idle. He had identified himself with several important movements here and had designed spending the Winter months among us and interesting himself in aiding to build up the City and in developing the surrounding country. His practical mind saw that here were unsurpassed opportunities for the judicious investment of capital and that in the near future Elizabeth City could be made an important commercial center. After a careful survey of the field he decided to invest, and at each visit he increased his investments. Had he lived to carry out his designs he would have interested himself very largely in business here for he was becoming deeply interested in our people and more strongly impressed with the many advantages this part of Eastern Carolina offers. Hence the death of such a man is a serious loss to us all.

——The recent visit of Mr. CONE was made at an unfortunate time. He just remained here long enough to feel the mildly relaxing influence of our summer climate and returned to meet a suddenly cold and wet atmosphere—so cold in central Pennsylvania during the first week of September as to make thicker clothing and fires necessary. That he contracted the disease here, as has been intimated by some of his friends at home, is preposterous, for it has been and is as healthy in this locality as in any place we ever lived at. The *buga-boo* "malaria" is no more troublesome here and never as malignant as it is in most of the country along the Susquehanna River. We are a Northern man, are familiar with disease—having had ten years of active medical practice. We have now lived here nearly four years, and have carefully investigated the climactic and hygienic influences and results of this section, comparing them with what we saw and treated and experienced in the North, and we do not hesitate to say that we enjoy better health here, that there is not on an average as much sickness, and that the mortality is much less than in the sections of Pennsylvania we resided in. We do not believe anybody from the North runs any risk in coming here at any season, if they come to remain; but there is some danger of sickness in leaving here for the North during the months of July, August and September. In these months the system is peculiarly relaxed—the surface moist and the pores open—and hence is not always in a condition to resist the constricting influence of the Northern climate. Without special care, under these circumstances, a "spell of sickness" will be apt to follow. But it is confined to the three months named.

LOCAL FORT-FOLIO.

Wanted—a ring from the finger of scorn and a glove from the hand of time. Good advice—consider before you promise. Don't stand on trifles—men with big feet. The voices of the night—the dogs that bark. "Senile slingers of unsavory English"—the democratic editors of the *Sentinel* class. Looks well—the new cornice being put on the new Hotel. Doing splendid work—Mr. Kramer at the Planing Mills. Now runs "like a top"—the little Steam Mill on Sheppard Street. Glorious—the news from Maine. Sicker than ever—the Greeleyites.

Business Locals.

Something new at Fowlers. Remnants of calico by the pound.

We repeat, when you come to town, don't go away hungry, but go to Fulmer's Eating Saloon and enjoy a "good square meal." It will do you good.

A capital place to trade—at the establishment of Lowenberg and Jacobs, 35 Market Square, Norfolk Va. These gentlemen are deservedly popular. Go and see them.

The Baltimore Robbery

Democrats the oft-told tale that cheap safes, old fashionable safes, safes not up to the times, are the temptations to burglariy. Bankers may provide watchmen, and may use other safeguards, but they will not put their money in the watchman's pocket, or trust in a tin or wooden box, no matter how many guards are used. The safe, after all, is the last receptacle. No amount of watching or guarding will ever make a poor old-style safe trustworthy. This is the citadel, and should be the *best* that can be made. THERE IS BUT ONE BEST.

HERRINGS & FARREL,

Nos. 251 and 252 Broadway, corner Murray-street.

Only manufactures of HERRING'S NEW PATENT CHAMPION BANK SAFES.

Beware of Counterfeits!

JOB MOSES' **SIR JAMES CLARKE'S** **FEMALE PILLS**

are extensively COUNTERFEITED. *Dishonest Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits. The genuine have the name of* Job Moses *on each package. All others are worthless imitations.* The GENUINE Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES

they are particularly suited. They will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity; and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The circulars around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

N. B.—In all cases where the ORIGINE cannot be obtained, One Dollar enclosed to the Sole Proprietor, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed* from any knowledge of its contents.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Cure COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION AND LUNG DISEASES. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Price 35 cents per box. JOB MOSES, Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS.

Prepared by J. GARANCIERE.
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

These pills are highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France as the very best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness; Nightly, Daily or *Premature* Emissions; Sexual Weakness or *Impotency*. Weakness arising from Secret Habits and Sexual Excesses; *Relaxation* of the Genital Organs; Weak Spine; Deposits in the Urine, and all the ghastly train of Diseases arising from Overuse or Excesses. They cure when all other remedies fail. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent Free to any address. Price $1 per Box. Sent by mail, *securely sealed from all observation*, on receipt of price. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK, Sole General Agent for America.

THE MARKETS.

Elizabeth City Prices Current.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

Bacon—Clear side ₱ lb	12
" Rib side	10
" Shoulder	9
" Hams, country	14 @ 18
" " sugar cured	15 @ 17
Butter—Country	25 @ 30
" N.Y. State	40 @ 45
Beeswax—₱ lb	25 @ 30
Beans—white Navy	300
Corn—new, ₱ bu.	65@70
Cheese—₱ lb	20
Cotton yarn—₱ Hank	1.85
" in hole,	19@23
" in lint,	14c @ 15
Eggs—₱ doz.	25
Flour—Superfine ₱ bbl	8,00 @ 8,50
" Extra	9,00 @ 10,00
" Family	10,50 @12,00
Herring ₱ 100	3,00
Flaxseed—₱ bu	150 @ 155
Lard—₱ lb	15
Lumber—Heart pine ₱ 1000ft	5 00 @ 20,00
" Cypress	18,00 @ 20,00
" Sap	10,00 @ 14,00
" Lath	2,50
Meal—₱ bu., 90 lbs	90
Oats, new—₱ bu.	80
Peas—Black ₱ bu	80
Black Eyed Peas	1,00
Pork—Lean	10 @ 10
" Mess	150@200
Potatoes—Irish ₱ bu.	60
" Sweet ₱ bu.	
Rails—Juniper ₱ 1000	10,00 to 60,00
Shingles—16 inch, heart	4,50 to 5,50
" 12 " "	6,00 to 7,50
" 12 " sap	4,00 @ 5,00
" W. I	2,00 @ 2,50
Salt—₱ sack, 3 bu.	1,85
" T. L., per bu.	75
Tallow—₱ lb	10 @ 15
Whiskey—₱ gal.	1,75 to 2,50

New York Market.

Gold 112. Flour Family from $10 to $12. Extra $8 to $9, Superfine $7 to 8. Wheat from $1,60 to $1,80. Flaxseed $1,80. Corn from 72 cts. to 75 cts. Peanuts $1,75. Pork from $16 to $16,25.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MILLVILLE, FLA., Sept. 12d, 1866.

Wm. H. Tutt:

Dear Sir—In my young days I was rather wild, and became the victim of a loathsome disease. I was treated by an eminent physician, and thought I was cured. After mooving to this State, I was horrifi I at finding, that the disease was making its appearance again, in a secondary form. Ulcers formed in my mouth and on different parts of my body. I also become afflicted with severe Rheumatism. I employed different physicians, and used various patent medicines for most all to no purpose. During a visit to Jacksonville, I saw your Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight, and concluded to try it. I have taken a dozen bottles, and believe that the poison is entirely driven from my system. I intend continuing it however, to make a sure thing of it. At the request of your Agent, I send this to you. You are at liberty to use it as you like.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN H. GUILFORD.

Livir Complaint and Billiousness,

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills exert a direct and powerful influence on the Liver, and will with certainty relieve that important organ from disease, and restore its normal functions.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye Imparts a Glossy Color.

MAKE MONEY Fast and honorably by at once applying for a Territorial right, (which are given free to agents,) to sell the best, strongest, and most useful and rapid selling Sewing Machine, and Patent Button Hole Worker, ever invented or improved. It by "mullics, or buy one of your own use; it is only $25. Sent free everywhere by express. Address for particulars, JEROME B. JUDSON & CO., Corner Greenwich and Courtlandt Streets, New York. 13-6m.

THE GALES OF ARABY are not spicier than the aroma which the fragrant Sozodont imparts to the breath. Nor is the heart of the ivory nut whiter than the teeth that are cleaned daily with that matchless fluid.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.—No one who has ever used Dr. Tobias' Horse Venetian Liniment, will ever be without it; it is a certain cure for Collic, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, and Old Sores. Warranted superior to any other; in pint bottles, at One Dollar. Sold by all druggists. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

BURNETT'S STANDARD FLAVERING EXTRACTS are neatly put up in Unpannelled 2 oz, 5 oz, and 10 oz bottles and are for sale by the trade generally in every principal city and town in the United States Canadas, and British Provinces, as well as in many other foreign countries.

HELP FOR THE HOPELESS.—You are weak, dejected, miserable, and nothing does you any good, you say. Don't despair. There is balm in Gilead. Have you tried Vinegar Bitters? No! Then why don't you? Whether your complaint be dyspepsia, billiousness, nervous weakness, constitutional debility, or any other trouble, Vinegar Bitters will revive and renovate your shattered system, at a genial rain refreshes the withered flowers.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits, and general depility in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-phosphorated Elixer of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York and sold by all Druggist, is the best tonic, and as a tonic for patients recoverine from fever or other sickness it has no dqual.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 Cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, stands unrivalled in the world. No lady or gentlemen of discrimination uses any other. It is the most perfect, reliable and effective Hair Dye in the world. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

CARBOLIC SALVE, accommended by Physicians as the great Healing Compound. Price 25 Cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

RISLEY'S BUCHU is a reliable Diuretic and Tonic for all derangements of the urinary and genital organs. The genuine, as formerly sold by Haviland, Harral & Risley and their branches, is now prepared by H. W. Risley, the originator and Proprietor; and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, New York.

SYAPNIA, or opium purified, the most perfect anodyne in the market, made by process of Dr. I. M. Bigelow, Detroit Medical College. Is always uniform is strength, which is rarely the case in other preparations of Opium.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL, has a world-wide reputation as the surest and best illuminating oil. Over two million gallons have been sold for the past two years, from which no accidents of any description have occurred. Send for Circular. Oil House of Chas. Pratt, Established 1770. New York.

WE HAVE FREQUENTLY HEARD mother say they would not be without Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, from the birth of the child until it has finished with the teething siege, under any consideration whatever.

THE SECRET OF BEAUTY, What is it? no longer asked, for the world of fashion and all the ladies know that is produced by using a delightful and harmless toilet preparation known as G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." Its beautifying effects are truly wonderful. Depot, 5 Gold St., N. Y.

BELVIDERE ACADEMY!

BELVIDERE, PERQUIMANS COUNTY, N. C.

We would inform the public that the next session of this School will commence on the 30th, of 9th mo. (September) 1872, under the efficient management of William A Symme as Principal.

Pupils are expected to enter for a term of ten weeks and no deduction made except in case of protracted sickness.

Price of tuition for a term of ten weeks, payable in advance, is as follows, (viz.)

Primary Branches	$4.50.
Higher English Branches	6.00.
Languages each (extra.)	2.00.

Board can be obtained in the neighbourhood at reasonable rates.

For further information address the undersigned.

E. A. WHITE,
10-4t. On behalf of Committee,

ROSEDALE ACADEMY.—

ROSEDALE, PASQUOTANK COUNTY, N. C.

The next regular session of this school will commence on Monday the 30th, day of September 1872.

Students prepared for College or for business. Pupils may enter at any time and be charged only from date of entrance.

No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.

Board (including washing, lights etc.,) can be obtained at $10,00 per month.

Terms per session of twenty weeks, one half payable in advance.

Ordinary English Branches	$11.00
" " " Natural Sciences	12.50
" " " Ancie't Lan's	16.00
French (extra)	3.00

For further information address
S. D. BAGLEY,
5-3m. Principal.

ROWELL'S COLUMN.

ADVERTISING
AT LOW RATES!!

For $18 per inch per month, we will insert an advertisement in 26 First-Class Papers in North Carolina. List sent on application to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

CAMPAIGN GOODS FOR 1872.—Agents wanted for our Campaign goods. Sell at Sight. Pay 100 per cent. profit. Now is the time. Send at once for Descriptive Circulars and Price Lists of our Fine Steel Engravings of all the Candidates, Campaign Biographies, Charts, Photographs, Badges, Pins, Flags, and everything suited to the times. Ten Dollars per day easily made. Full samples sent for $3. Address MOORE & GOODSPEED, 37 Park Row, New York.

Epilepsy or Fits.

A SURE CURE for this distressing complaint is now made known in a Treatise (of 48 octavo pages) on Foreign and Native Herbal Preparations published by Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription was discovered by Him in such a providential manner that he cannot conscienciously refuse to make it known, as it has cured everybody who has used it for Fits, never having failed in a single case. The ingredients may be obtained from any druggist. A copy sent sent free to all applicants by mail. Address Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand St,, Jersey City, N. J.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. PURELY VEGETABLE.

Nothing Like it in medicine, A luxury to the palate, a painless evacuant, a gentle stimulant to the circulation, a respiratory preparation, an anti-bilious medicine, a stomachic, a diuretic and an admirable general alterative. Such are the acknowledged and daily proven properties of Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

$1.000 REWARD.

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DEBINGS PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00.

$300 TO $500 per Month. Agents wanted. Address ERIE SEWING MACHINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & CO., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine.

TREES! FLOWERS! BULBS!
SEEDS! HEDGE PLANTS!
Nursery Stock Fruit and Flower Plates!
Address F. K. PHŒNIX,
BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,
ILLINOIS.

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr., $30; 3 yrs., $40; 4 yrs., $50 4 Catalogues, 20 cents. 4—4m.

"THE OLD MERCHANT"

S. Weisel,

Corner Main and Water Streets,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.,

Dealer in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Linens, Cloths, Cassimeres, Clothing, Trimmings, Silks, and Fancy Dress Goods. Also Hats, Caps and the very best assortment of Boots and Shoes.

☞The best assortment and quality of Goods kept in the City.
April 11th, 1872.-1yr.

NOTICE.

All kinds of Liquors, from common Whisky to the finest French Brandy; also all kinds of Family Groceries for sale by

DASHIELL & PRICE.

Corner Road and Elringhaus Sts., E. F. Keaton's old stand.

Sept. 4th, 1872.-4t.

H. M. PUTNAM Ga. SAVANNAH. THE FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD. GREAT GERMAN REMEDY. NEW YORK.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
Possessing powerful invigorating
PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK.
These Bitters are positively invaluable in
ALL SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS
They purify the system, and when
DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY
Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,
NERVOUS DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINT
and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS & BLADDER
All yield to their powerful efficacy.
A GOOD TONIC FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION
Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.
THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VIGOR
to the wasted frame, and correct all
IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE
The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE
The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life. PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

H. & M. Nov. 9-1yr.

A VALUABLE FISHERY FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale his old established Fishery at the mouth of Scouppernong River N. C., with 1000 yards of Seine, Boats, Stands etc., complete, all in good condition. There can be 1200 yards of Seine fished at this Fishery, and one million of Herrings have been caught during a season.

Any one wishing to enter into this business now has a chance to make money. Terms made easy. For particulars inquire personally or by letter of,

J. W. ETHERIDGE.
51—tf. Manteo Dare Co. N. C

REYNOLDSON MALE INSTITUTE.—
REYNOLDSON, GATES CO., N. C.

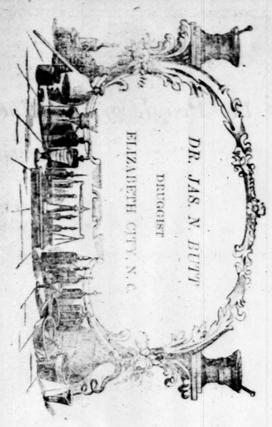
The next session will begin on the first Monday in October.

TERMS:

Board, (washing, fuel, and lights *included*) per month	$11.00
Tuition—per session of 20 weeks from	$20.00 to 22.00

For circulars, address
J. F. HOWELL,
8-3m. Principal.

MISCELLANEOUS.



REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

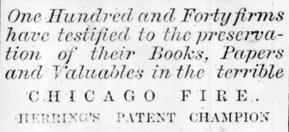
DR. JAS. N. BUTT, "The Popular Druggist," has removed his Stock of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass and Patent Medicines to his Fine and Commodious

J. M. MATHEWS,
WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER,

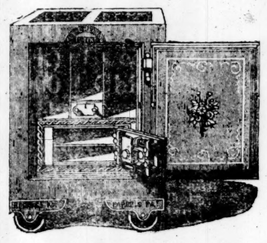
HAVING located in the Guirkin building, near the corner of Main and Road Sts., Elizabeth City, N. C. is prepared to operate in the Watch Maker and Jeweler business in all its departments. He respectfully solicit a share of patronage.
April 18th, 1872.-1yr.

CHICAGO!
HERRING'S SAFES

One Hundred and Forty firms have testified to the preservation of their Books, Papers and Valuables in the terrible
CHICAGO FIRE.
HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.



Awarded the Prize Medals at the World's Fair in London,
At the Exhibition Universelle in Paris, and The World's Fair in New York.



ALSO, WINNER OF THE WAGER OF

30,000 FRANCS

Awarded at the Paris Exhibition to the
BEST SAFE IN THE WORLD!

Herring's New Patent
Champion Bankers' Safes!

Patent high and low steel-welded, combined with Patent Franklinite. Proof against the blow-pipe, as well as the drill. With Patent Hinged Tongued and Grooved Door and Patent Rubber-Packed Flange. Proof against wedges nitro-glycerine and gunpowder.
Manufactured only by
HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,
251 & 252 Broadway, co. Murray St., N. Y.

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES!

FROM one of the best Manufactories in the United States, (McLear and Tendell, Wilmington Del.) I have and will continue to recieve a full assortment of BUGGIES, with and without tops, which I will sell very cheap. Also Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c., also on hand. As I deal direct from the Manufacturers I can sell at prices to defy competition. Orders respectfully solicited Road street near Main, Elizabeth City, N. C.
Dec. 7. 1871-1y. MILES COMMANDER.

WANTED!

1,000 dozen Eggs,
1,000 bushels (yellow bark) Sweet Potatoes,
2,000 Chickens and Ducks,

Together with Woolen and Cotton Rags, Iron, Metals, Hides, Furs, Beeswax, Wool, Cotton, Rope, Seine, Net, Bagging, Canvas, Waste Paper, Books, all kinds of Barrels, etc., etc.,

WANTED AT
C. C. Price & Son's,
Main Street,
(Nearly opposite Court House Square),
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

BLOODED STOCK.
I have sixty head of Ayeshire, Devon and Durham Stock which I will sell to parties in Eastern Carolina on reasonable terms.
F. D. BUNNEL,
Wellsboro, Pa.
Apply to J. M. Bunnel, at Pendleton's Hotel, E. City. 12—tf.

SEED OATS.
The undersigned can furnish the farmers of Eastern Carolina any quantity of Seed Oats of the Canada and English Rahway varieties—the best now raised. Price $3 per bushel.
F. D. BUNNEL,
Wellsboro, Pa.
Apply to J. M. Bunnel at Pendleton's Hotel, E. City. 12—tf.

FISHERIES.
We are prepared to receive orders for Spooner's Whale Warps, Best Qualities Seine netting, Corks, Rings, Rubber Boots, &c., with credit to June 1st for *prompt paying Notes.*
AMERICAN NET & TWINE CO.
Boston.
Sept. 4 to Dec. 1st,

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It is a sure preventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, Md.
For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States, Canadas and South America.

For Sale by DR. D. T. KREBS & CO.
E. City, N. C. Oct. 5, 1871-1y.

FRANK M. COOK,
WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,
AGENT FOR THE

Home Shuttle Sewing Machine,

THIS UNEQUALLED SEWING MACHINE

uses a straight, needle and drop under feed, "Lock Stitch," (alike on both sides.)

Has a self adjusting Tension, and is adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloth and will even sew Lether.

It will Hem, Fell, Bind, Cord, Braid, Seam, Tuck, Ruffle, Hemstitch Gather, and sew on at the same time, and will work equally as well on Silk, Linen, Woolen and cotton goods, with Silk Linen or cotton thread.

PRICE LIST.

No. 1 to Turn by Hand	$25,00
No. 2 complete with table Treadle	$37,00
No. 3 complete with table treadle and cover	$42.00
No. 4 nice cabinet case	$75.00

WARRANTEE.

Every Machine is warranted perfect in every respect, and if any part fails, from any imperfection within five years I will supply the part free of cost.

Agents wanted in the Counties of Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck and Dare.

Office No. 70 Road Street.
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Large Stock and Unequalled Assortment.	FOR FALL PLANTING.	Send for Catalogue and price List

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The place to buy *Cheap.*

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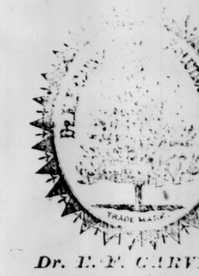

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SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
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TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR,
UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,
including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
ALSO, A
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pill.
for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
TAR
is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contraction of these terrible diseases.
Solution and Compound Elixir, 25 cents per bottle.
Volatile Solution for Inhalation 25 cents per box.
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 25cts per box.
Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
L. F. HYDE & CO.
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

For sale by Dr. D. T. KREBS, & CO.
E. City, N. C.

SHEPPERD STREET MILLS.—We beg leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that these MILLS have just been remoddeled and *thoroughly* repaired and such alterations made as makes them first-class Flouring Mills, where all the fine grades of Family Flour can be made and corn meal not surpassed in the country. We are also prepared to saw all kinds of lumber not exceeding 30 ft. in length on shortest notice. We will keep constantly on hand our new style of shingles; will also furnish plastering laths, fire-wood and other articles in our line.

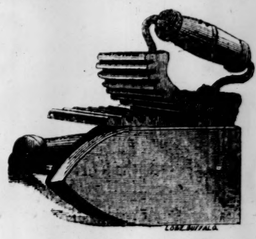
STORE.

At the corner of Shepperd street and Factory Avenue we keep a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions generally; together with Notions, Dry Goods, &c.

Grain and Cotton wanted; also saw logs for which the highest market price will be paid. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

WM. UNDERWOOD & CO.
11-tf.

THE EMPIRE
FLUTING SAD IRON.



THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.
It will Please all Housekeepers.
IT IS SO HANDY AND SIMPLE.

It is in the most convenient form, and costs but a trifle compared with the ordinary Fluting Irons, which cost from $10.00 to $2500 and it will do work that cannot be done with the expensive machines. Every family can have the best and handiest Fluting and Crimping Iron, as well as the best Sad Iron, at a small extra cost more than an ordinary Sad Iron.

It is arranged so as to be used for a Sad Iron or Fluting Iron or both.

I will Flute or Crimp the finest Fabrics, without damaging them, and is always handy and adapted to all kinds of work.

Sold by Agents only. *State and County rights for sale.*

Canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address
EMPIRE FLUTING SAD IRON CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
☞ A Sample can be seen at this office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. SALOMONSKY & CO.,

*ARE JUST OPENING A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF HOSIERY AND WHITE GOODS, CLO

AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC MATTERS.

Weather-wise Animals.

An indefatigable meteorologist has gathered some curious observations on certain animals, who, by some peculiar sensibility to electrical or other atmospheric influence, often indicate changes of the weather by their peculiar motions and habits, thus:

Ants.—An universal bustle and activity observed in ant-hills may be generally regarded as sign of rain; the ants frequently appear all in motion together, and carry their eggs about from place to place. This is remarked by Virgil, Pliny and others.

Bats flitting about late in the evening, in spring or autumn, foretell a fine day on the morrow, as do some insects. On the contrary, when bats return soon to their hiding-places, and send forth loud cries, bad weather may be expected.

Beetles flying about late in the evening often foretell a fine day on the morrow.

Butterflies, when they appear early, are sometimes forerunners of fine weather.

Moths and *Sphinxes* also foretell fine weather when they are common in the evening.

Cats, when they "wash their faces, or when they seem sleepy and dull, foretell rain.

Chickens, when they pick up small stones and pebbles, are more noisy than usual, afford a sign of rain; as do fowls rubbing in the dust, and clapping their wings; but this applies to several kind of fowls, as well as to the gallinaceous kind. Cocks, when they crow at unwonton hours, often foretell rain; when they crow all day, in the summer particularly, a change to rain frequently follows.

Dolphines, as well as *Porpoises*, when they come about a ship, and sport and gambol on the surface of the water, betoken a storm.

Dogs, before rain, grow sleepy and dull, lie drowsily before the fire, and are not easily aroused. They also often eat grass, which indicates, that their stomachs like ours, are apt to be disturbed before change of weather. It is also said to be a sign of change of weather when dogs howl and bark much in the night. Dogs also dig in the earth with their feet before rain, and often make deep holes in the ground.

Ducks—The loud and clamorous quacking of ducks, geese, and other waterfowls, is a sign of rain; as also when they wash themselves, and flutter about in the water more than usual. Virgil has well described all these habits of aquatic birds.

Fishes, when they bite more readily, and gambol near the surface of streams or pools foreshow rain.

Flies, and various sorts of insects, become more troublesome, and sting and bite more than usual, before as well as in the intervals of rainy weather, particularly in autumn.

Frogs, by their clamorous croaking, indicate rainy weather; as does their coming about in great numbers in the evening; this last sign applies more obviously to toads.

Geese washing, or taking wing with a clamorous noise, and flying to the water, portend rain.

Gnats afford several indications. When they fly in a vortex in the beams of the setting sun, they forebode fair weather; when they frisk about more widely in the open air at eventide, they foreshow heat; and when they assemble under trees, and bite more than usual, they indicate rain.

Pulling Fodder Injures Corn.

A Tennessee correspondent of *The Southern Agriculturist* gives the following clear testimony against the practice of stripping the blades from corn-stalks before the grain is fully matured: "I selected for the purpose a piece of rich alluvial land, which had been in cultivation for 14 years without any manure, but subject to an annual overflow by back-water, and measured 70 yards square. The corn was planted on the 1st of March, ground plowed ten inches deep, rows five feet apart and three feet in the drill, hoed and plowed three times after planting; the fodder of every second row I pulled when ripe, and weighed 210 pounds when perfectly cured. The crop was gathered on Sept, 22, and produced in all 41 bushels and 1 peck—that is to say, the corn from which the fodder was pulled, 20½ bushels, and that from which no blades were taken, 21 bushels; but the difference in the weigh was still greater, the first weighing 58 pounds, and the latter 74 pounds per bushel. We find the difference in weight to be 170 pounds of corn in favor of that from which the fodder was not pulled. This is just about three bushels of good shelled corn gained on the half acre by leaving the blades on the corn—against which offset the 210 pounds of dry fodder.

That on which the blades were left would reasonably mature and dry more slowly than the other, and therefore would reasonably weigh more soon after gathering. Again, the pulling of the blades on every other row admits the sun and air more freely, and possibly assisted the alternate rows on which the blades were not pulled to be a plumper grain. These minor details affect the result, to some extent, doubtless, but yet the indication is the same, that in saving the blades for fodder we lose an equivalent weight of corn.

Covering Manure.

It is remarkable that more attention is not given to the subject of covering manure from the weather, and especially from too much rain. Those who have given the matter particular attention have found that manure so protected is worth double that which is left out in the open air. Two loads for one is a profit few farmers can afford to lose. There is no question which so vitally concerns the farmer as this one of manure. Much that he does has reference to it. Straw is not to be sold because it makes manure. Stock is fed through the winter for the express purpose of manure making. Articles which scarcely pay to send to market, are nevertheless taken to the city in order that manure may be brought back as a return load; and yet the whole of the manure made remains all the season exposed to the sun, wind, and rain, until it is diminished in value to so great an extent as it is. The trouble is that few really believe that exposed manure undergoes this loss. But the matter has been too thoroughly tested to admit of a doubt. We know first-class farmers who did not themselves believe it, until by actual experiment they found out its truth.

In arranging farm buildings, it will pay well to look as much to the preservation of the manure as of the hay or grain; and those who have their buildings already finished without these manurial arrangements will find that $25 or $30 spent on boards for a shed will rank among the best investments ever made. —*Germantown Telegraph.*

The weeping willow has a romantic history. The first scion was sent from Smyrna in a box of figs to Alexander Pope. General Clinton brought a shoot from Pope's tree to America, in the time of the Revolution, which passed into the hands of John Parke Curtis, was planted on his estate in Virginia, thus becoming the progenitor of the weeping willow in this country.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO SPORTSMEN.—

The ubscriber wound announce to his friends and the public that he continues at the old stand on Road street and keeps on hand a good assortment of Guns, Rifles, Pistols Sporting apparatus and also a fine selection of cutlery. He may at all times be found either in his store prepared to accommodate customers with New Goods, or in his shop adjoining, willing and happy to repair any article in his line of business.

29—1y. GEO. W. BELL.

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OVER 1000 ILLUSTRATIONS!

THE LARGEST!

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THE BEST!

Buy The best Scholars use it, and prefer it. Buy WORCHESTER and

HAVE THE BEST.

New illustrated edition of Worchester's Comprehensive and Primary Dictionaries have just been published adapted for Schools and Families.

For sale by all booksellers. Brewer & Tilestone, Publishers, 17 Milk Street, Boston.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH

Elizabath City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS

AGAINST

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Loyal citizens of North Carolina and other Southern States, will be pleased to learn that Congress at the last session passed a law for a commission to be appointed to examine and report on all claims that may be presented to them for Quartermaster and Commissary stores furnished the Federal Army during the late war.

The undersigned are prepared to furnish blanks, and give all information to those having claims—and to prosecute the same to final settlement. Having received the endorsement for ability, &c., from the Hon. Senators Messrs. Pool and Abbott and the Representatives from North Carolina—we believe that we can give satisfaction to all who entrust their claims to us.

McLELLAND & BENEDICT,

Attorneys and solicitors of Claims and Patents

495 North Street, Washington, D. C.

1-4tf.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.—

10 YEARS OF A

Public test has proved

DR. CROOK'S

WINE OF

TAR.

To have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered the public.

It is rich in the Medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequalled for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures.

Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs,

It effectually cures them all.

Asthma and Bronchitis

Has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

Pains in Breast, Side or Back, Gravel or Kidney Disease, Diseases of the Urinary Organs Jaundice or any Liv-Complaint.

It has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic

Restores the Appetite,

Strengthens the System,

Restores the Weak and Debilitated

Causes the Food to Digest,

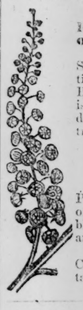
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion

Prevents Malarious Fevers,

Gives tone to your System.

TRY DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.



For Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in form.

Any disease or eruption of the Skin, disease of the liver, Rheumatism, Pimples, Old Sores, Ulcers, Broken-down Constitutions, Syphilis, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, try

DR. CROOK'S

SYRUP OF

POKE ROOT

It has the medicinal property of Poke combined with a preparation of Iron which goes at once into the blood, performing the most rapid and wonderful cures.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root—take it and be healed. 21—tf.

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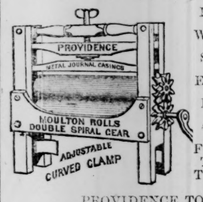
IMPROVED.



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White Rubber

Spiral Cogs,

Easy Working,

Has Curved

Clamp.

Fits any Tub.

THE BEST.

The Cheapest

Try IT

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DISMAL SWAMP STEAM TRANS., CO

Carrying the United States Mail

From Elizabeth City, N. C., to Norfolk, Va.

The Steamer "Thomas Jefferson," Conklin, Commanding, leaves the wharf of the Company at E. City every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M., returning alternate days from Newton's wharf at Norfolk, Va., at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further information apply to

W. A. HARNEY, Agent.

E. City March 20th, 1872.

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GEO. D. POOL'S COLUMN.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

OF VALUABLE

NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE D. POOL.

Real Estate Agent,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalists and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where: and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A Steam Saw and Grist Mill in the town of Nixonton 8 miles from E. City. This Mill has a fine wharf and store attached on deep navigable water, the engine is 40 horse power, and all in good order. It is one of the finest locations to be found any where for custom work, and for getting good saw logs easily and cheaply. Price $4,000 cash.

Adjoining the mill property is 40 acres of fine land on the River, with three houses, all for $1200. Near the same is a good two story dwelling and 13 acres of land for $2,000, and a good one story dwelling, with one acre of land for $300.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotauk county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Also one other tract in Pasquotank county, containing 116 acres, within one mile of the town with fine buildings, mostly cleared and in cultivation. Price $25 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 months.

A valuable site for a hotel at Nag's Head, 40 miles from Elizabeth City, and 50 miles from Edenton. This is situated immediately on the Ocean, and is a famous Summer resort for invalids, and those seeking health, comfort, and amusements during the summer months. It is in direct communication by steamboats and railroad with all parts of North Carolina, Virginia, and the North; and is equal in natural advantages to Newport, or Cape May. Visitors flock to this famous summer resort by hundreds and thousands, and a large amount of money can be made by a hotel. A charter has been obtained from the Legislature of N. C., for a joint stock company to build the hotel. There is now an old hotel on the spot, which could be cheaply repaired and bought for $3,000. This hotel, though imperfectly kept, cleared the proprietor last season, over $3,000. For a man or a company, having some capital, this is one of the finest chances to make money at hotel keeping to be found anywhere. The early attention of the public is invited to this property.

A fine steam saw and grist mill at Hertford, the county seat of Perquimans County, N. C, 18 miles from Elizabeth City. This mill has a fifty horse power engine, now in good running, two pairs of best French burr stones, and two upright saws. The house has a brick basement, and the building is large and in good order. There is one and a half acres of land belonging to this property, and a good two story dwelling, and other out-houses. The section of country adjacent abounds in the finest yellow pine, cypress, ash, poplar, and other valuable timber. This property originally cost $15,000, and is now offered at forced sale for the low price of $3,500, $7,00, cash, and the balance in six equal instalments, six months apart each with interest.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has got buildings, and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splended stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well adapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, poplar, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one-third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultivation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultivation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next, balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A farm of 370 acres 8 miles from town by water, and 12 miles by land, is offered for sale for $10,000 in easy payments. This tract of land lies immediately on the River which is 4 miles wide and washes the farm its whole length on one side, and a branch of the River one mile wide, binds it on one end. The land is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, peas, &c., lies high and dry, and is susceptible of the highest improvement. Fronting and looking over, as it does, two large sheets of navigable water, where steamers and sailing vessels are constantly passing, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the country, its location and surroundings, are of the most fascinating and desirable character. There is a fishery on it ready for working a seine 2,500 yards long, and which commands a portion of both streams of water, and can be made immensely profitable. The price charged is low, and the purchase a very desirable one. The buildings consist of a good two-story dwelling and out-houses.

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

A Farm of 200 acres within one mile of Elizabeth City, with good two story dwelling, large barn and stables, and all necessary outhouses, orchard of fine fruit trees, and a large number of ornamental trees and shrubbery around dwelling. This farm is on one of the most public roads in the County—is in a high state of cultivation—has fine and durable fences, &c. Altogether, it is the richest land and most desirable location, anywhere in the neighborhood of the town. Price $6000—one-half cash, balance in easy payments.

For further particulars, enquire of

GEO. D. POOL,

Agent.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 9, 1871.

LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY'S COLUMN.

To the People of the Albemarle District of N. C. Greeting:

Furniture! Furniture!

furniture!

HEAR YE, HEAR YE, HEAR YE,

THE LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY,

of

ELIZABETH CITY

N. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS

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FURNITURE:

They have the largest and best selected Stock of FURNITURE ever brought to this section which they will sell at the very LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Now is the time for bargains.

Come one! Come all!!

REMEMBER THE

FURNITURE STORE

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WATER STREET.

KEYSTONE MILL CO'S COLUMN.

STOP TAKING SO MUCH MEDICINE. EAT BETTER FOOD!!

KEYSTONE MILL COMPANY'S

PREPARED WHEAT

AND

SUGAR OF MILK.

Patented July 23d, 1872.

A FARINACEOUS FOOD FOR INVALIDS AND INFANTS.

By the peculiar process in which this preparation is made, all the flesh forming constituents—EARTHY and SALINE elements of the grain are retained, with none of the STARCH, all of which being converted into Dextrine. It contains all the Lime, Sulphur, Phosphorus, Iron and Manganese for the animal juices, and Gum and Fecula for respiration and fatty tissue, with the proteine compounds (Gluten, Albumen &c.) from which nerve and muscular tissues are formed.

It is believed by the most intelligent men that much of the *suffering, sickness and mortality* of mankind is traceable to *deficient* or *faulty* nutrition. The same cause may also be assigned the frequent disapointment of physicians in the result of the action of most approved remedies. We feel sure that this article will supply the deficiency.

Sugar of Milk.

[LACTIN.]

Is a chrystalized sugar, obtained from the whey of cow's milk by evoporation. It is manufactured largely in Switzerland and the Bavarian Alps as an articele of food and for medical purposes.

It has been used considerably in England as a non-nitrogenous article of diet in Consumption and other Pulmonary Diseases, and with excelent effect in extreme Irritability of the Stomach, (see Wood & Bache's Dispensatory.)

We manufacture 2 grades :—No. 1, in yellow wrapper, ground coarse, to be eaten as cracked wheat, with cream. No. 2, white wrapper, is ground into Flour for Puddings, Blanc-Mange and Bread.

DIRECTIONS.

For Making Mush with No. 1, Ground Coarce.—Mix four tablespoonfuls of the Wheat with a gill of cold water; rub into a smooth paste; then pour it into a pint of boiling water, stirring briskly, boil for 20 minutes. To be eaten with rich cream.

For Puddings, &c. use No. 2, Ground Fine.—Mix a tablespoonful of the food with a small qnantity of cold water rub to a smooth paste; add to one-half pint of boiling water, constantly stirring, and boil about 8 minutes over a moderate fire. Add milk and flavor to taste. For bread, use as ordinary flour.

PRICE 50 CENTS A POUND.

PACKED IN A PATENTED ORNAMENTAL TIN CAN.

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Vol.—4 7—1y.

Our Platform.

The Republican Party of the United States assembled in National Convention, in the City of Philadelphia, on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, again declares its faith, appeals to its history, and announces its position upon the questions before the country.

First—During eleven years of supremacy, it has accepted, with grand courage, the solemn duties of the time. It surpressed a gigantic rebellion; emancipated four millions of slaves; decreed the equal citizenship of all and established universal suffrage. Exhibiting unparalleled magnanimity, it criminally punished no man for political offenses, and warmly welcomed all who proved their loyalty by obeying the laws and dealing justly with their neighbors. It has steadily decreased with a firm hand the resultant disorders of a great war, and initiated a wise policy toward the Indians. The Pacific Railroad and similar vast enterprises have been generously aided and successfully conducted, the public lands freely given to actual settlers. Immigration protected and encouraged, and a full acknowledgement of the naturalized citizens' rights secured from European Powers. A uniform national currency has been provided, repudiation frowned down, the national credit sustained under most extraordinary burdens, and new bonds negotiated at low rates. The revenues have been carefully collected and honestly applied. Despite the annual large reduced of rates of taxation, the public debt has been reduced during Gen. Grant's Presidency at the rate of one hundred million dollars a year. A great financial crisis has been avoided, and peace and plenty prevail throughout the land. Menacing foreign difficulties have been peacefully and honorably compromised and the honor and power of the nation kept in high respect throughout the world. This glorious record of the past is the party's best pledge for the future. We believe the people will not intrust the Government to any party or combination of men composed chiefly of those who have resisted every step of this beneficial progress.

Second—Complete liberty and exact equality in the enjoyment of all civil political and public rights should be established and effectually maintained throughout the Union by efficient and appropriate State and Federal legislation. Neither the law nor its administration should admit of any discrimination in respect of citizens by reason of race creed, color or previous condition of service.

Third—The recent amendments to the National Constitution should be cordially sustained because they are right, no, merely tolerated because they are law, and should be caried out according to their spirit by appropriate legislation, the enforcement of which can be safely trusted only to the party that secured those amendments.

Fourth—The National Government should seek to maintain an honorable peace with all nations, protecting its citizens everywhere, and sympathizing with all peoples who strive for greater liberty.

Fifth—Any system of the civil service under which the subordinate position of the Government are considered rewards for mere party zeal is fatally demoralizing, and we therefore favor a reform of the system by laws which shall abolish the evils of patronage, and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity the essential qualifications for public position, without practically creating a life tenure of office.

Sixth—We are opposed to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be set apart for free homes for the people.

Seventh—The annual revenues, after paying the current debts, should furnish a moderate balance for the reduction of the principal, and the revenue, except so much as may be derived from a tax on tobacco and liquors, be raised by duties upon importations, the duties on which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to labor, and promote the industries, growth and prosperity of the whole country.

Eighth—We hold in undying honor the soldiers and sailors whose valor saved the Union; their pensions are the sacred debt of the nation, and the widows and orphans of those who died for their country are entitled to the care of a generous and greatful people. We favor such additional legislation as will extend the bounty of the Government to all our soldiers and sailors who were honorably discharged, and who in the time of duty became disabled, without regard to the length of service or the cause of such discharge.

Ninth—The doctrine of Great Britain and other European Powers concerning allegiance—"Once a subject, always a subject"—having at last, through the efforts of the Republican Party been abandoned, and the American idea of the individual right to transfer his allegiance having been accepted by European nations, it is the duty of our Government to guard with zealous care the right of adopted citizens against the assumption of unauthorized claims by their former Government; and we urge the continual and careful encouragement and protection of voluntary immigration.

Tenth—The franking privilege ought to be abolished, and the way prepared for a speedy reduction in the rate of postage.

Eleventh—Among the questions which press for attention is that which concerns the relations of capital and labor, and the Republican Party recognize the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and the amplest field for capital and for labor, the creator of capital, the largest opportunities, and a just share of the mutual profits of these two great servants of civilization.

Twelfth—We hold that Congress and the President have only fulfilled an imperative duty in their measures for the surpression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain lately rebellious regions, and for the protection of the ballot-box, and therefore they are entitled to the thanks of the nation.

Thirteenth—We denounce repudiation of the public debt in any form or disguise as a national crime. We witness with pride the reduction of the principal of the debt, and of the rates of interest upon the balance, and confidently expect that our excellent national currency will be perfected by a speedy resumption of specie payments.

Fourteenth—The Republican Party is mindful of its obligations to the loyal women of America for their noble devotion to the cause of freedom. Their admission to wider fields of usefulness is received with satisfaction, and the honest demands of any class of citizens for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration.

Fifteenth—We heartily approve the action of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion, and rejoice in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land.

Sixteenth—The Republican Party propose to respect the rights reserved by the people to themselves as carefully as the powers delegated by them to the State and the Federal Government. It disapproves of the resort to unconstutional laws for the purpose of removing evils by interference with rights not surrendered by the people to either the State or National Governments.

Seventeenth—It is the duty of the General Government to adopt such measures as will tend to encourage American commerce and ship-building.

Eighteenth—We believe that the modest patriotism, the earnest purpose, the sound judgment, the practical wisdom, the incorruptible integrity, and the illustrious services of Ulysses S. Grant have commended him to the heart of the American people, and, with him at our head, we start to-day upon a new march of victory.

What Horace Greeley Thinks of the Democratic Party.

EXTRACTS, RICH, RARE AND RACY.

Now that Mr. Greeley has become *the leader* of the Democracy, we present the following extracts from editorials of *the New York Tribune*, writen by Mr. Greeley during the forty years of his editorial life. They are refreshing, and will not nauseate Democrats who have lost all self-respect,—forsaken principle in their hunt for office,—and become first-class *dirt-eaters*. The extracts are as follows:

THE WHITE HOUSE DISEASE.

"Mr. Webster was not only a gentleman, but he had the elements of moral greatness; and he had his faults as well. He failed only in one respect; and in this respect I differ from him—he wanted to be President, and I don't.—*Horace Greeley, in* 1868.

OUR GREATEST MAN.

"We have seen our greatest man, Mr. Chase, making the same blunder. I have seen men who had the disease early, and died of it at a very old age."—*Horace Geeley, in* 1868.

THE FATE OF GEN. CASS.

"Gen. Lewis Cass died at 82, and up to the day of his death he wanted to be President. No one ever escapes who catches the disease: he lives and dies in the delusion. Being a reader and an observer at an early age, I saw how it poisoned and paralyzed the best of our public men, and have carefully avoided it."—*Horace Greeley, in* 1866.

THE GOOD SENSE OF GEN. GRANT.

"We, at least, in our day, have a President-elect who did not try to be President. He was elected mainly on that account."—*Horace Greele y, in* 1868.

THE ENEMY OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

"If the Democratic party were called upon to decide between Grant and myself, I know that their regard for what they must call principle would induce nine-tenths of them to vote against me. Why? I am a decided enemy of that party, even in its most respectable aspects."—*Horace Greeley, in* 1871.

PICTURES OF THE DEMOCRACY.

"Every one who chooses to live by pugilism or gambling or harlotry, with nearly every keeper of a tippling house, is politically a Democrat."—*Horace Greeley.*

IGNORANCE A DEMOCRATIC ALLY.

"If there were not a newspaper or a common school in the country, the Democratic party would be far stronger than it is."—*Horace Greeley.*

DEMOCRATIC ESSENTIALS.

"The essential articles of the Democratic creed [are] 'love rum and hate niggers.' The less one learns and knows, the more certain he is to vote the regular ticket from A to izzard."—*Horace Greeley.*

WHO ARE DEMOCRATS.

"We thereupon asked our contemporary to state frankly whether the pugilists, blacklegs, thieves, burglars, keepers of dens of prostitution, etc., etc., * * * were not almost unanimously Democrats."—*Horace Greeley.*

DEMOCRATIC VIRTUES.

"To smoke is a Democratic virtue; to chew is that virtue intensified; to drink rum is that virtue in the superlative."—*Horace Greeley.*

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATS'

"Point wherever you please to an election district which you will pronounce morally rotten, given up in great part to debauchery and vice; where voters subsist mainly by keeping policy-offices, gambling houses, grog-shops and darker dens of infamy, and that district will be found at nearly or quite every election giving a majority for that which styles itself 'the Democratic party.' Take all the haunts of debauchery in the land, and you will find nine tenths of their master spirits active partisans of that same Democracy. What is the instinct, the sympathetic chord, which attaches them so uniformly to this party? Will you consider?"—*Horace Greeley.*

REBEL DEMOCRACY.

"The brain, the heart, the soul of the present Democratic party is the rebel element at the South, with its Northern allies and simpathisers. It is rebel at the core to-day. It would come into power with the hate, the chagrin, the wrath, the mortification of ten bitter years to impel and guide its steps. It would devote itself to taking off or reducing tax after tax until the Treasury was deprived of the means of paying interest on the national debt, and would hail the tidings of national bankruptcy with unalloyed gladness and unconcealed exultation. Whatever chastisement may be deserved by our national sins, we must hope that this disgrace and humiliation will be spared us."—*Horace Greely.*

THE FEROCIOUS PROTECTICNIST."

"You only err as to the proper candidate. I am not the man you need. Your party is modestly Free Trade, and I am a ferocious Protectionist. I have no doubt that I might be nominated, and elected by your help but it would place us all in a false position."—*Horace Greeley to P. Donan, in* 1871.

"THE BAYNOT LAW OF 1870"

"It is urged by the Democratic organs that the law is to be enforced in State and municipal elections. This is done to make it more obnoxions, if that be possible, to their party. But, unfortunately, this is an error. The law applies only to presidential and congressional election, though we heartily wish it could be made to apply to *all others.*"—*Horace Greeley.*

THE KU KLUX LAW.

"I hold our Government bound by its duty of protecting our citizens in their fundamental rights, to pass and enforce laws for the extirpation of the execrable Ku Klux conspiricy; and, if it has not the power to do it, then I say our Government is no government, but a sham. I, therefore, on every proper occasion, advocated and justified the Ku Klux Act. I hold it especially desirable for the South; and, if it does not prove strong enough to effect its pourpose, I hope it will be made stronger and stronger."—*Horace Greely in* 1872!

ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S LINEL SUCCESSOR.

"Many will be surprised at the President's hearty endorsement of civil service reform [in his message of 1870;] but he has been there all along. The President's summing up of the leading objects of his policy, and especially his desire to secure a pure and untrameled vote, must appeal cogently to the judgement and affections of the American people. He is Abraham Lincoln's lineal successor; and the popular heart beats in unison with his administration and his efforts."—*Horace Greeley in* 1870.